UPPER MURCHISON TRIBES

GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION

WATERHOLES, CAMPING PLACES, TRADE ROUTES, etc.

POINTS OF THE COMPASS

UPPER MURCHISON TRIBES GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION

The tribes under this heading comprise the <u>Wajari or</u>

<u>Wadari; Ngadawonga; Wajanwonga; Ngajuwonga</u> (North and

South); <u>Ngajawonga or Jargurdi; Kurduwonga; Wirdinya;</u>

<u>Yenawonga; Ngargawonga; Ngadariwonga; Kurilawonga;</u>

<u>Nugarnwonga; Nyanawonga; Badu or Ngajyu wonga; Yirawonga.</u>

These tribes collectively cover an area of country extending from about Lat. 24°30° to 28°20°, Long. 116°40° to 121°20° (approximate).

The Wajari (or Marduwonga or Kuriwonga) are located in the Yalgoo, Mt. Magnet, Cue and Nannine districts and Nukawara district, and run northwards towards Nukawara, where the Kurduwonga appear to come in.

The Ngadawonga are eastward of the Wadari and occupy Meekatharra, Abbots, Minderoo, Mt. Maitland, Peak Hill, Horseshow and Robonson Ranges.

The Waianwonga are northeastward of the Ngadawonga and inhabit the South and middle branches of the Gascoyne River towards Jibunganna, Wonyalguna and Jaydinya, and eastward towards Yowereena Hill in the Thaduna area.

The Ngaiuwonga are south of the Waianwonga and eastward of the Ngadawonga, and are located at Lake Way, Yamder, Wiluna, and northwards on the watershed of the Murchison towards Lake Nabbaru.

Ngajawonga place themselves north of the Ngaiuwonga and east of the Waianwonga, and occupy Kennedy Creek, Winditch Spring and Carnarvon Range district.

The Kurduwonga are north of the Wajari, Kurilawonga and Ngajawonga and are found northward of Nukuwara, towards Biringara, Milguin, Milli-milli, Mt. Gould, Mureri, on the Gascoyne towards Mt. Clere, SawBack Range, Mt. Labouchere, and Nungamarra Pool and Orilba River.

The Wirdraya run eastward and northeastward of the Kurduwonga and Ngajawonga and north of the Ngadawonga, northwestward of the Waianwonga, at Horrigan's Station, "Manda", towards the Marsh and the Gap and at Savory Creek.

The Yenawonga group were located to the north of Mt. Leake between the Ngadawonga and Waianwonga.

The Ngargawonga were found on Nungamarra and Jibungunna Pools and intermarry with Waianwonga and Kurduwonga.

The Ngadariwonga appear to be located between the Wajari and Kurduwonga. They call themselves Ngada or Ngadari or Kurduwonga.

The Kurila wonga identify themselves with the Kurduwonga and have given the district between Mt. Clere and Mt. Gould as their habitat.

The Nugarn wongaare southwest of Meekatharra, a dialectic term for S.W. is the name applied to the Wajjarim

The Nyanawonga or Ngadawonga were between Horseshoe and Murnang-yannam

The Barduwonga were located E. and S.E. and N.E. of Lake Way, also at Lake Way, Lawlers and N.E. of Lawlers.

The Yira wonga appeared to be at Red Knob, Red Point and the Ngama or ngamma holes north of the watershed (Murchison)

Representatives of all these tribes were met with amongst the Ngadawonga, who occupied the country between Meekatharra and Peak Hill. The Ngadawonga tribe was the only one personally visited in the two months devoted to the work, but the totems, kinships, etc., were said by the members of the above tribes to be similar to those obtaining amongst the Ngadawonga. Their tribal names and the pools on their various runs were rendered by the natives of the tribes above mentioned.

Tribal Runs or Local Family Grounds

With regard to the names of camping grounds, and waterholes on runs, there is a chief waterhole or landmark in almost every territory, but in addition, almost every little soak, rockhole, spring, hill, etc., has a name attached to it. so that although there may be but one big waterhole on the run of a local family, every little peculiarity in that ground has also its distinguishing name. It would be impossible without a residence in the runs of the various local families, to locate with any degree of accuracy the numerous names given by the natives of the landmarks, etc., on their runs. When there is a conspicuous hill with its accompanying rockhole or spring, such hills and pools are called by the same name (such as Yagunga hill and pool, etc.), and these can be easily identified, but not so with the names of lesser pools, etc. These can only be generally stated to be within the area of the run.

It appears from the association of certain individuals with certain pools, that these have been the camping grounds of a local family or group, consisting of fathers and sons only, who may be Kaimera-Burgulu, Kaimera-Burangu, Paljeri-Burgulu, Paljari-Banaka, according to the arrangement of the marriage classes in the group.

Several examples are given of particular persons being now identified with certain pools on their father's and father's father's runs.

The difficulty of placing the various native names will be understood when it is known that there is nos tation near several of them by which their position could be more or less accurately indicated. The "new" route which the natives say is now taken by the Ngadawonga to the Ngaiawonga people to Lake Way and vice versa is the outcome of white settlement and the formation of station in the old area and the probable hostility of the white settlers to the natives traversing it, who were thus compelled to strike or make a new toad. The old one, with its multitude of camping places, was recognised by all natives as the travelling route to Lake Way, etc.

Trade Routes

As these trade routes extend throughout the whole State, a knowledge of them should prove of immense value to future pioneers, as at almost every camping place along the travelling routes, water is present.

4

A detailed survey of the trade or barter routes beginning from the Kimberley and travelling southward might also be of service in determining the origin of the aborigine, from whence he came, and at what point he landed or "walked on" to Australian territory.

The routes that the natives travel for exchange or barter, extend from one tribal territory to another, throughout the State.

Examples of trade routes between the Ngadawonga and other tribes are given. Travellers along these routes, when on barter bent, are left unmolested by the tribes into which their business brings them.

The Peak Hill district and Upper Murchison tribes traded with the Gascoyne tribes, and through them with the Ashburton peoples; Yagara (Ashburton red ochre) and wirdi-wirdi or wira-wira (pearlshell) were bartered from the Ashburton and coastal districts to the Waianwonga tribe, many hundreds of miles away from them. Spears came down from the Upper Ashburton, and from districts still further north and east and were bartered amongst the Ngadawonga and Majarictribes form local products - jimari (cutting flint) made from boorarra tree, walanu (beomerang), juti pridkly acacia (hair string) being amongst the articles bartered.

Along the recognised travelling routes one or more men journeyed unmolested with the products of their country, exchanging articles with the inhabitants of the different local groups met with, and returning to their own country either by the same route or by a roundabout route in which they would probably be accompanied by some member or other of the last tribe bartered with.

Ordinary Trade Routes of Ngadawonga, Ngaiawonga and Waianwonga

Peak Hill to Lake Way

(Ngadawonga to Ngaiawonga) (Ngadawonga to Walanwonga)

Yalamara - Peak Hill

Brimango , pool

Bilyawon "

Gunmaia 11

waterhole Biridi

Kardurda 33

Baburgana

Wilurnu

Yarnder, Lake Way

Peak Hill to Milauin. agus 79

(Ngadawonga to Kurduwonga)

Yalamara

Jondan

Eunula

Reebern

Wandiarang

Mambu warangu

Yaluwila

Milguin

Peak Hill to Mardongga-yuara

(all Ngadawonga)

Yalamara

Yalanguba

Murgajibi

Babawarndil

Birilijibi

Maiaragana

Mindern

Nala

Marabardi

Mulajindi

Irilya - Giøt, Well

Mulgajibina or Malgababana Mardonggayuara

Peak Hill to Jibun

Yalamara

Yaladulgu

Bulbarl

Jibun

Peak Hill to Lake Nabberu

(Ngadawonga to Waianwonga)

Yalamara

Jondan

Nyidalyi

Mibian

Nabbern

Minderoo to Lake Way

(Ngadawonga to Ngaiawonga)

Minderu R.

Bata Pool

Milyi-milyi Pool

Yalawuru (Downey's Stn.)

Kururdu (soak)

Yandergana (Yandil soak)

Balju spring

Wilurnu (Wilum)

Yarnder

Trade Routes (continued)

Milguin to Thomas River

Mibili hill and pool

Tchugariera Hill and pool

Kurajura pool

Wiriji Hill and pool

Warala creek

(Several names missing here, not remembered)

Ngarabugarnu (Thomas River)

According to MITAJINDI, in all these districts there were kamiju, ngabadu, kombarnu, etc. (all relations) of the Milguin people. Outside of the "road" the inhabitants were warrba or wudanu (strangers).

The "road" traversed by Peak Hill natives to Lake Way from the oldest time had the following pools and camping places (amongst others):-

Yalamara, Brimangu, Bilyawon, Yalungba or Yalunguba, Murgajibi, Yalba, Gunmara, Babawarndil (Now "Mail Change" Hotel, 25 miles S. of Peak Hill), Minduru, Mulajindi, Malgababa, Mardongayuara, Thalbal, Ngangai-irimarda, Giribinanda, Wobowel, Jiwagondu, Jiwalyongu (big waterhole), Yalai-urdu, Malu maranu, Ilgurdi, Kagaru, Yarnder (Lake Way.)

A "new" road was followed by the Mardonga-yuara natives, for some time before their extinction. The camps along the new road were :-

Mardongga-yuara, Darin, Yalungalu, Baiarbaba, Milyi-milyi, Kurangu, Mulain, Yarnder.

MURCHISON AREA

NGADAWONGA TRIBE

Waterholes, Soaks, Creeks, etc.

The following pools and camping places are inhabited by the Ngadawonga Tribe. These represent the lesser pools generally, and show the great number of waterholes, soaks, etc., existing in an apparently dry sandy and stony area :-

Jirinyina Babawarndil (big pool) Wandurdana (Now Murphy's Mail Change 21 miles from Peak Hill)

Ilgana Ngarna-ana Karol

Birdibabanya

Bardigura Ngabinya Yaluwidurana

Bilyawon (big pool) 25 m. S.W. of Peak Hill Burbalyi

Karbaburda

Maiabana

Kanan

Bulabogana Hill Milgi-ina Jandinya well

Uilgajandi Birda-ana Ngaragudina

Baba-ilyi Malgababa (pool or spring in Garden Gully) Bungunana

Burnadurda Yurabarda Dudu-ungungana

Binjabinjargana Bungungana Mulajindi (Abbots)

Vandirgana Mauelana Wirdibaba

Wanyulu Biludanu Walyungana

Jagunjana Balbabubana Gumbulyu-iliri

Wilurnu Mardongayuara spring Bijalana

Meekatharra Bungujijigana Gurbaladhurda or Murdinyu-Ngulundanu Bubardadudana

Nganyiluna Munguldu Milauna or Nulauna

Gundubilyi, hill with Warngoana Gulbarnganduna water gaiara

Yirgili (rockhole Jurawadarinya Bulamaurda

Kardaduruna Jubugana Kalgadababana

Dhurbabana Badana Babagurduana

Milyi-milyi (big water hole or pond) Baiarbabona Kalarabuli Kardidinya Hill Yardarinya

Kulyardongu, big hill Jiaranya Thurtelbaba

Thardungabana. now Govt. Well

Ngudargana Jilyundana Wardurababin

Milyurabin Burnalana (jila in pool) Wandabuluinyagaiara Wiria or Daua-daua (salt water)

Margaji pool

Mararngana pool

Minderu pool

Wald'una

Irirdiba

Marda pool

Jindi-jindi or Yalanguba

Ngarga tank

Yalamara (Feak Hill)Birilijibi (pool on Ord River)

Karun pool

Kalamaju (hill & pool)

wandananda

Dhurdiana

Wogardinya

Yabuna

Orilbanya

Yalgar (pool & creek)

Bungungana

Milyaraba

Pools on and near Gascovne River and branches.

From Mt. Clere E. and S.

Peopled by Kurduwonga, Ngadawonga and Wajanwonga.

Tchugariera (Mt. Clere))

) Two hills, of which one is Mt. Clere
Wirija

?

Guradara pool

Murdianu pool

Kulip pool

Kajimari pool (S. of Kulip)

Kundur pool (E. of Kulip)

Wanburnda pool, one side river

Yirari pool (other side - north - of river)

Jilijilip pool

Kalili Hill

Milguin (Stn.) N. of Kalili

Mibilyi pool and hill

Malbia (Mt. Labouchere)

Mundara pool

Nangomara pool

Yaluwanara pool

Barubardi pool

Kurduwa pool (N. side Gascoyne)

Wandierang pool

Birbirn pool

Darndan or Kandan pool

Bunulyu, Birnalyu pool

Kulonya

Yaueru baba

Nyidalyi

Maiali (Keamy's Stn. Junction of S. and Middle branch)

Yaladulgu, N.E. of Maiali (Francisco's Stn.)

Yunana spring, E.N.E. of Maiali, S.E. Yaladulgu

Gunangara pool, S. of Maiali ; Mibian pool (frwin's Stn.?)

Jundi well; Ilgaring pool; Yunariri pool; Kardagulgara hill & pool Julga pool, end of S. branch. Then Spinifex.

Pools on or near the Cascoyne River and branches From Mt. Clere E. and S.

Yaladulgu, Francisco's Station (Waianwonga)

Yiraguli, pool in creek

Mangarda, now a Government Well

Yura, pool; Bulgaribirdi pool; Wardayurimai pool;

Buldalya wila (river); Wilbin pool or rockhole;

Yirgareri, pool or rockhole; Malia, now windmill

Bardijanu, pool in Mibin wila, BANUDA'S country. DANBURDA his baldongu may hunt there.

Nyanyireri, Kardagulgara (hill), MULGARDA'S country
Wogurdugurdu, Durdinya, pools in Mibin R., BANUDA'S wife's country
Wulalgudara, julga, Nyindargana, Minyamana's father's country
Yunawardi - orphaned or ownerless country (Kutuwana) Ngadawonga

Warniri, Kongalmarna, Mirumiruwanija (kutuwana)

Walgu walgu pool

Yajura hill and pool

Guilganya pool

Buraia pool

Kargalonga Hill

Kurduwa hill and pool, Yalu birirdi, Maringana - TABI last owner
Waingurdaru, (kurduwana or kutuwana - ownerless)

Thardinya, Yandinyua, Jiderudardu, Jingalgara, Julburgana
kurduwuna

Yalubarndan kardumarn, T'uldanana, Ngangareri Hill, Bagajibingoa, Malia = WODI's family barna, Ngada, Only Wodi left.

Edabilyi, Buraidngana Gumbalinya - BURDUDA's ngadawonga

Brimangu, Bilyawon, Babawandil, Bilabirdinya, Milgangana,

T'undijunder, Famigurungana, Bundudardu, Ngargurgana, Bijarana,

Kanurguji, Nyurdi-ingoa, Baba-andu-marda (hill), Mardingana.

All these hills, pools and rockholes belonged to YINIBUNDU's

father's people. The three first named pools were the chief

camps. None of the family except YINIBUNDU are now living.

YINI has no children. (Ngadawonga).

Pools, Halls, Rockholes, etc., between Peak Hill and Lake Way.

KALIGURDAJI's peoples's country adjoined the Agadawonga country
on the East. The Pools between Peak Hill and Lake Way, belonging to KALIGURDAJI'S people were as follows:-

Yalamara, Ngadawonga Brimango " Bilyawon " Kalugula (now a well) Ngadawonga and Ngaiuwonga Babai-irbin Mulain Burdaijer Birdilbaba Mili (rockhole or "ngama hole") 72 Gunmara Beredi, water hole Durerl " " Beringoagari Birinyarin water hole Jirganbaba Wardubaba well 22 Kukabulaiji Baburgana pool Kardurda Hill and pool Yarnder (Lake Way district) Mali, N. of Lake Way Balju, big tree and pool Kagaru Wilurnu (Wiluna) Yalanguba, near Peak Hill, S.E. OF Ngadawonga Baba-aunda, N.W. from Wiluna Yalaldula

There are two Wilurnu's, in Ngaluwonga and Ngadawonga country

Minderu

Main Camps on Runs

Bunjawara on KALBARI's run (Kurduwonga)

Wandierang on Bungurdi's father's run (WIRDINGU) (Kurduwonga)

Birbirn on JIBIDI's run (Kurduwonga or Walanwonga)

Bunulu on WILBOGU's run (Ngada or Waianwonga)

Marduwiri (Horseshoe) on JULYONGU's run (Ngabala or Kurduwonga)

Babawandil on YUILMAIA's run (Ngadawonga)

Thardungaba, (E. of Minderoo) on WINGANA's run (Ngada or waianwonga)

Ngajawonga and Kurduwonga

MINDIMIMBI-INGU stated that certain members of his family group (or local group) were identified with the following pools, which collectively formed their barna (ground).

Dalbura or Danbura

MAMBUWARINGU

Irilyi, nr. Milguin MINDIMIMBI-INGU

Bulbalgara, nr. Mungari MARUMARIN

Minga

Ilyangongu

Nyanilya and Gundir, nr. Minga DMOLINGAJI

Jigaji, Jalbura Ck.

Yigaji

Binjarabang

YUNGULMILIRI

Wundari, Jigaji

Bajiwiri

Burdana, nr. Tchugariera

NgILYIR

Nguringara, nr. Biringai

Jiri and Mugabarda

Kurajura Hill and pool

NGAULLA

Janjamarda ?

WINAJI

Nyirarl

Bardimala

Ilibuga

MULJU

Winba

NGANGAGIN

Kujida

Kulya

Jinara

Bardin

Kurli

JINAWIMBA

Kulganga

Nibi-nibi

Nyabana, nr. Winba

MULAMIN

Jami-jami

BALGAWALA

Kalgabila

Wandi-1

Yirgareri, Milyiri

Jila

Mulgunya

Nya-in

Nyinbini

'inya

Milba

NGUYARINGU

Ngardiwanu

NYANGANOREL

Bingandi

Budanaji

Babagari

JINAI

Nganba

Ngai-inda, Burnai

Ngarnga

MUYUI

Wirdinya wonga

MAJU supplied the following names of camping places belonging to his father's people. These places appear to be in the Kundra and Windell districts:-

Milgu - Irwin's Station ? (or Horrigan and Savory's?)

Kalada, Wanainderi, Nagurgana, Nyaugunongu, Dharba, Kanjina

and Bilaidada - pools in Jilyauer Hills.

Mungundana Creek (Pool in)

Yaraungana, west of Mungundana, Iringana, W. of Yaraingana, and Dibina, W. of Iringana, all pools in creek

Kardawon Hill (Sugarloaf Hill?) A hig snake (mythical) lives in this hill.

Nyinmana pool in small creek

Jidi pool in creek (trib. of Mungundana)

Yaneri (Savory Creek near Marsh)

Gauera near Savory Creek

direngo, near Gauera

Biningana hill

Karana pool, Yalgalyi, Ga ulara, Gumbarngana, Yandinyura, all pools Jindidarda, Gandina

Rabbit Proof Fence divides Gandina from Mabudu and Gunmanya Kurbangura (Govt. Well)

Girgidali (Windmill%

MAJI's kundari's (Waljalbardi) people came from Babawandu wandu which is north or northwest of Yalgalyi. Other pools on the run were :- Yadimarda, Worilgana, Wawergana.

NYINGAIN camped at the following pools to and from <u>Lawlers</u>
district to Yalgoo district :-

Nanaba, Mulawara, Yarlgu, Nyanagun, Burai-algo, Warambu (Magnet), Wonguji, Iangu, Malu mambu, Mangi ngurldarlbi, Kogawardura, Bumayago or Burnayago (well), Wanarba, Jangara (Sandstone Station), Jangarji, Badurdil, Warnduri, Ngangara, Yangabo, Malgaiawogul, Mingu mali (Maninga Marly), Munya (Copper Well), Kardaru, Wayul dabirdi, Tabiljin or Yabiljin, Builgu, big hill, Kurndari, Jirderdanu, Warduganya, Mardadunmanga, Kangar.

Pools from Bugardi to Nyingan (The Yuanma district is within this "road".)

Bugardi, Yardadurawari, Babainga, Buyugalu, Kundari, Badila,
Ngogora dabirdi, Nyumbul, Bilgagobar, Wardara, Murderi,
Ngauerna, Bulambaru, Kaberdong, Windelya murdu, Badan, Malura,
Milait, Wirdin, Mulu (well), Burdarbi, T'ardunga, Wogularong,
Yauar, Dudabuga, Bangara, Nyilbara, Nialgara, Dargu-dargu,
Kalgali, Bardura, Malu marda, Logor, Yaluwon, Kaliaba, Kalyei-duli,
Nyingan (Ninghan?).

The road traversed by Yauerigabi natives (Wajari) to Ngangara (near Sandstone) (Ngaiawonga) was as follows:Yauerigabi, Warambu (Magnet), Wardilya, Janjurja, Mili, Marbula,
Burdajini, Yardabaria, Kundingu wari (East of Maibula), I-angu.,
Malumambu (big hill and pool), Jala (rockhole), Wargu-wargu, rockhole near Sandstone, Jaingara, Sandstone township, Ngangara,
well or waterhole beyond Sandstone (nr. Black Range), Jilawarn,
big hill, Jelgu (now Gavt, Well), Yilgardu (barna mulurdurdi =
dead man's country) NGADULI's father died here. His run
stretched from Malumambu to a short distance of Lawlers.
Kardaru, Kabirdi, Yargo, Jideranu, Walbagardain (Lawlers),
Wondi jugurdain (Lawlers township).

Points of the Compass

In addition to the four points of the compass, there are still further directions indicated by names applied to intermediate points between the cardinal points:-

Yabarngara North

Minung South

Kogara East

Wilu West

Wardal and kaiali N.N.H. & N.E.

Bidung E.N.E.

Wanmala E.S.E.

Yalinjara S.E.

Bogumaia S.S.E.

Nugarn S.W. & W.S.W.

Dargurdi E.N.E. or N.N.E.

Ingarda N.W.

Yabaru N.N.W.

These directions were given by Ngaiuwonga and Ngadawonga people (KAIAGAIA, YINIBUNDU - Ngadawonga; KALIGURDAJI, NGAIAJARA, Ngaiuwonga).

TRIBES : MURCHISON AND UPPER GASCOYNE

(The following should be compared with Pp. 1 & 2 of this section, and with II, 1, P. 30 ff., and other sundry notes.)

Bilium and Wilyaru - seacoast (first name applied from outside).

Kaialium wili wili nyinnarn - northern people (applied by wilyaru)
Mibili near Mt. Clere, Jammuna
Kurduwonga (Upper Gascoyne or Murchison) Malbia (Labouchere) nr.
Milguin, Booyoowara, Jiala, Jigaji.

<u>Yanawonga</u> - Milyi milyi (Ord River), Babaana etc. Dhoolgu pool. north near Wirdinya (from line below)

Magamaia and Bangumaia
Ngad.awonga- Bilyawon, Babawandil, Mibili, Minderoo, Meekatharra,
Mt. Maitland.

Nyanawonga - north of Minderoo (same as Waianwonga).

Naianwonga - Mibingunna (Babawira), Jibun Pool (Gascoyne), N. of Peak Hill, Nyingain, Kalara, Bardijanu, Yaladhoolgoo, Monyulganna.

(Milguin Rd. and natives went went along the road to Mt. Clere. Bangemale, Thomas R. In all these places they found kamiju, ngabadhu, kombarnu; outside this road they were warrba (far away men) or woodhanu (strangers).)

Dhalyin wonga - S.E. of Waian.

Wadhari wonga - Yalgoo, Jidamundu, etc. Nannine, Murari, Kurdardi, Wandari, Illimbirri, Boolardi.

Paradi or Noosarn wonga - S. of Meekatharra, Yagarongu.

Jargurdi wonga - N.W.

Kuluwonga - Minga

Warriwonga and Dhargari - N.W. from Ngadhawonga

Ngaia or Ngaiuwonga - Jurel, Manda, Yander, Lake Way dist.

Jargurdi, Wirdinya - Balbinya near Ethel Hill, Sugarloaf Hill, Bilbaranyurum, Orilba, E. of Conical Hill Range, Maramaia Creek, Harrigan and Savoy's, Jurnanguna, Goonma, Yiradinga.

<u>Mardawonga or Ngadawonga</u> - Nungamarra, Jinjamurra, Marduwiri, Mangul, Warrgu and Yirdingunna

Manjinji wonga - E. of Laverton

Wajarri - Mili mili station, Wooremel Creek, Ngoogawarra, Darri Pool, Mutchison district, Burnacoora.

Barduwonga - N.E. of Laverton and E. of Lake Way (or S.E.), Thauajil, Tulu

Nana or Nangawonga - near Ngaiuwonga, Windal goojara, Kagula, Kunbirongu, L. Way dist.

Madiagai, Mardiagai at Birangai nr. Meekatharra, same as Ngadawonga.

Yirawonga - Kundi, Mogulgura, Sandstone way, Maroya, Wolgara.

We attempt to annex tribal territory.

Ingarda - Carnarvon

Warrianga, nr. Lyons

Dhargari, nr. Warrianga

Badhuwonga, S.E. nr. Wajarri

(continued)

Tallainji - Ashburton

Boordoona

Tenma

and Wirdinya and Nyana and Yana, near Horrigan's,
Ngarsawonga, sometimes called Barrangu and Barragawonga Yiraguli and Wajunga, Baraga, Booyangu, Boogaloona, Nooni, Dardaru nr. Ngaluwonga and Way.

Ngajawonga - Kajara, spinifex country E. of L. Way? Yandindi, Jibun

Yenawonga at Wooruilba, Miluingara (intermarrying with Ngadawonga, also with Wirdinya), Koorunbida, Mambuloola.

Baragu wonga - Boru-Boru.

<u>liagunda wonga</u> - north of Minga, Wandarı, Birulu, Womera, Goonari, Wuta.

Jargurdi (see P. 17) sometimes called Wandabi wonga after corroboree, Wurubardu, N. of Milguin, Wandurn nr. Mt. Clere, nr. Jigaji,

Ngadhari wonga - nr. Malbia, Yaluwili, nr. Milguin (?), Dhoodadana, Mibilyi (these all den).

Inyawonga - Goomban goona, nr Kurduwonga, also Dambiri

Koorila wonga - Crilba nr. Wirdinya, Mugaranu, Dharrba (creek &pool) Ngagulgunna Nganya wonga - Djami-djami (spinifex country)

Ngalari wonga - Bilbaru (Jinababi's wife's country), Jingaru (spinifex country N.E. of L. Way)

Ngaladi wonga - Junbunya, Baual baual, Wunjurn, Kulili

Nabala wonga, Nyanda or sometimes Kurdu - Booycowarra, Milguin R., Yoondoon, Koondoor nr. Labouchere Pool, Kajimaia source of Milguin (see Majuru near end of Dorre III for localities.)

(Marriage laws : Paljari - Burgulu (or Boorong ?)
Banaka - Kaimera)

Paljari and Boorong are moonagootia (can't marry) Kaimera and Banaka " " " "

2 Nyingari, one near Milyoora, another N.E.

Great grandchildren call their great grandparents jurdu and kurdu, or is it grandchildren? Murchison.

Waianwonga at Yulbirning, S. Gascoyne

Ngajawonga - Andindi , Munjin, Jibijibi, Nyanbini, Mibian, Bidandibilya, Ngalardugul, Kajara.
N. of P. Hill, Jilba, Gurgobirl etc.
Wirdinya - Jurnanguna, Gunma, Nyumaru, Irardinya, pools in creek.
Gunongbunya, Mungardamā, Ngangarli, Wardinya.

Barragu wonga, Boru boru (nr. Wirdinya pools Kajiduna and Bururailguna) Yenawonga - Kurunbida, Jindibirila, Mambulula, Jardungunna (nr. Wirdinya)

Ngaga or Ngaja - Gunari, Woggundhana, Wagoing, Wandierung (nr. Waian).

<u>ljagunda</u>, Minga (N.E. of), Dalliain, Birulu, Munginyara, Dardaru or Ngarguwonga

<u>Kurduwonga</u> - Jigaji, Jamuna, Kardinina (nr. Mt. Clere = Juguriara), Ilingunna, Malbia, nr. Labouchere, and Nunga, also Mibili Pool nr. Milguin, Winjongu, Yunduru.

Jargurdi - Kalamuji, Mondjera (married Wadhari of Gobern, Cue dist.) and Wurnbardu nr. Milguin.

Ngadheriwonga - nr. Kurduwonga , Yaluwili

Inyawonga - Gumbanguna P. (nr. Kuruwonga)

Nanga wonga - Kunbirongu, Kagula, Nangauerdangu, N.E. L. Way ?

Ngogonya (or Wirdinya) Jiril, Yari, Kurdiwala, also Ngargo or Ngaga. At Yiraguli and Wajunga or Wajuna.

Barragun wonga or Waienwonga - Yiraguli

Barduwonga - E. of L. Way, "yallinjerra," married L.W. Ngaiuwonga.

Marduwonga, Milyura Creek, Wali wali, Birangari, Mangul, Marduwiri also at Yirdingunna and Warrgu called Wadari also.

Wajari towards Babbawiri (married with Mardu.)

Wirdinya or Kurila - Orilba, Warudnyura, Balbinya, Yirgareri, Kandu Ranges, Giringunna (Govt. Tank)

Jargurdi, (see above), Wurolyu (nr. Fence), Dharrba and Wau ur-

Nganyawonga - Kundirba, E. of L. Way

Kuliliwonga and Ngalladi - Bauel bauel

Jatgurdi or Wandabi at Jammu jammu (married with Wirdinya of Maiamaia and Banguna.

Warrianga west of Kurduwonga - a Warri woman married Kurduwonga.

Nyauila or Ngadha - Murngunna, Mailgunna, Nyinnijarda, Ngaldhildurnu, Murarn (married Kurdu of Malbia, S. of Kurdu.)

Nyanda or Nabala - at Buyuwarra, Milguin dist.

Nuanawonga - at Kurubilinya N. of Mt. Leake (married Ngadhawonga of Minderoo)

Ngagawonga at Kalara married Waianwonga of Mibin, only a "sub"name of Waian.

Wajari at Kallamuji (Mt. Taylor)

Kurila at Wurilba or Orilbaga married Wajari at Kallamuji.

Waianwonga and Ngaiuwonga met near Frere Range (see Nyinin, Bk. IV. P. 30x)

Nth. Ngaiuwonga joined here.

Waian came to Nangamurra P.

(Marginal note)

Nugarn or Ngadhawonga at Mt. Gould (Yagarongu) and Gould Ck. & Jerboa Mt. Taylor near here.

Barndi or Ngadha at Kundur near Yagarongu.

Yanawonga, Karaba, Milidi, Karal, Walbamuna, pools on river, N. of Mt. Fraser, also Dhulgu pool and Karaba Hill etc.

Maianyina Mardiagai - Dhuruwuda, Babungurda, Babbailya, Bundabilyi, pools on Murchison R. nr. Mt. Fraser, Waligudara W. of Minderu and Biribingunya, Mardanyina

Kauar nyina, Migara or Kauai wonga or Wajeri - Wurilba, Ilyura.

Ngaiwonga - Nigara Creek, Nigara, Mali, Mila mila, Bandol, Balju and Kimberley and Finlayson Ranges (Jaal's)

Waianwonga and Jaduna Jibun Jimunya, Wilgana, Mibin, Jiridunya, Yitingunna, Wonyalgunna

Nabala and Kurduwonga - pools along Gascoyne Nth. of Horseshoe and Peak Hill, including Nangamara P., Murnangyanna (Maringunna)

Wadhari at Thardu thardina all dead,

Ngabiwonga at Maianda nr. Ashburton and Yinmanunja nr. Wironya (nr. Waianwonga)

Wirdinya - Nichol Sp. (Balbinya) Biarbuna, Nyirinbina, Kalbali Ngaja-wonga

Ngajau-onga Wuruilba or Orilgunna (Wirdinya came down towards here)
Ngangargurdi

Kurila, Wirdinya, Nguyaluna, nr. Balbinya

Nugura or Waian - Munaralla, going towards Wirdinya, Bingirdi.

Ngagawonga at Gunari and Ngammarunadhana (with Waianwonga).

Ngajawonga - top end Gascoyne, Sawback Range, Gulgawarin, Pool on S. Range, (Ngaja and Kurdu mixed) and Minga, a big waterhole.

Kurdu wonga - north of Milguin (Birbirn) nr. Mt. Clere (Kardinina) Ilbiri, nr. R.P. Fence W. of Wilunil.

Ngaiya, Lawlers Dist. Guyanga, Balyun, Bulyugu Range, Jilawarn (Mt. Holmes)

Nyanawonga, Dardaru, Mallia, Wanda, Yunba, north of Peak Hill.

NAnawonga, Nguyargurma, Yiralarana (nr. Nadhawonga), Jurding, Parwadha, Ngaral, etc.

Ngajawonga, N.E. Peal Hill (about L. Nabbaru) Yulbini, Birilbiril.
Ngajawonga, Jibi jibi, Andinid
Ngajawonga towards Leonora, Maljer P. (N with Lawlers)

Ngalyuwonga and Bardu - Tulu, Warriman, Tauajal (Bardu), Inderijera, Wala, Igalajera, Malunyundi (Ngalyuwonga) S.E. of New England.

Barduwonga between Lawlers and Laverton ?

(cont.)

Majarri "Magumaia" - Bururdun (near Cue), "Bangumaia" also.
Madiagai - Birangai

Ngaiyuwonga Kagula (spinifex country S.W. of L. Way, Thanmerga.

Yirawonga, L. Way district, Kundi weribin mogulgurra, Maroya, Yirawula.

Ngadawonga, Sandstone district, Dhudhuduga, Waiulgarra, Nala.

Ngargawonga and Wirdinya, Jindabiri, Kalbinmurda, Warabinyara, Wongulmera (near Maruna or Jargurdi Pool), Kurduwa P. wau-wura P. Ngangerdarn, Nyual Nyual, Thalguwara, all Ngarga or Wirdinya.

<u>Kurduwonga</u> at Cleveland Pool (Nguraingurra) in Jigaji dist., Turner Creek.

Wirdinya at Darrba and in the Kundra district, country of Wirdinya wonga or speech.

On the Ashburton along cattle route also Savory Creek.

These pools, soaks, ngamma holes and other small waters were and are known to almost every living central area native today. The "desert" and other inland natives roaming from Western Australia's Central areas to the Central and South Central areas beyond the W.A. Border - visited these places for initiation ceremonies, for barter of goods and women, and for cannibalistic purposes, from time immemorial, and the main waterholes throughout the whole Central area are known throughout all that area, and the adult natives passed on these names and localities to their groups, and so the same names and localities are known to all the older natives of the present day, who are still wandering over their ancestral routes.

The opening of the Trans-Australian Railway has had a disastrous effect upon the natives in those wild and still uninhabited areas. Their forbears had tracked the first white explorers who traversed the Central areas back to the point of centry of the whites, and mingled with, or fought, and ate those natives whom they encountered, or were killed and eaten by them. Yet the long journeys through the central areas continued, but by ever lessening numbers through the years. In 1911 a group left my camp at Meekatharra (W.A.) for Mingana water, hundreds of miles E. or N.E. or E.S.E., and in the 1920's a group left my camp near Ooldea (on the Trans-Australian Ry. Line) to go to Wandunya and Mingana Waters (in W.A.). They knew the names of the watering and food places from their fathers and grandfathers' tales of their journeys.

Majarri "Magumaia" - Bururdun (near Cue), "Bangumaia" also. Madiagai - Birangai

Ngaiyuwonga Kagula (spinifex country S.W. of L. Way, Thanmerga.

Yirawonga, L. Way district, Kundi weribin mogulgurra, Maroya, Yirawula.

Ngadawonga, Sandstone district, Dhudhuduga, Waiulgarra, Nala

Ngargawonga and Wirdinya, Jindabiri, Kalbinmurda, Warabinyara, Wongulmera (near Maruna or Jargurdi Pool), Kurduwa P. wau-wura P. Ngangerdarn, Nyual nyual, Thalguwara, all Ngarga or Wirdinya.

Kurduwonga at Cleveland Pool (Nguraingurra) in Jigaji dist., Turner Creek.

Wirdinya at Darrba and in the Kundra district, country of Wirdinya wonga or speech.

On the Ashburton along cattle route also Savory Creek.