Regularized Equivariant Euler Classes and Gamma Functions

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For my parents, MR LOOI CHEE SIN and MDM LEE LAI CHAN on the occasion of their 30th anniversary.

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Contents

Ab	Abstract				
Sig	Signed Statement				
Ac	knov	vledgements	v		
1	Intr 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4	oduction Equivariant cohomology and loop spaces Zeta-regularization and infinite products Results Outline	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{array} $		
2	The 2.1 2.2	Integral Transforms of Laplace and Mellin The Laplace transform The Laplace–Mellin transform	7 7 12		
3	Zeta 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5	Regularization of Infinite Products Infinite products and entire functions Infinite products over a lattice Zeta-regularizable sequences The structure of zeta-regularized products Examples	 16 23 28 32 35 		
4	Mul 4.1 4.2 4.3	tiplicative Sequences and Characteristic Classes Multiplicative sequences Multiplicative genera Computing multiplicative sequences	43 43 47 48		
5	Equ 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	ivariant de Rham Cohomology The Borel construction The de Rham complex The Weil and Cartan models Localized and completed cohomology theories Localization and the equivariant Euler class	52 52 54 55 56 58		

6	Loo	p Spaces and Loop Bundles	60		
	6.1	The Atiyah–Witten regularization	61		
	6.2	Derivation of the $\hat{\Gamma}$ -genus	62		
	6.3	Comparison of regularizations	67		
	6.4	The $\hat{\Gamma}$ -genus in low dimensions	69		
	6.5	The Γ -genera and Hoffman's formalism $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$	72		
7	Double Loop Spaces 73				
	7.1	Θ -genera and double loop spaces $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$	73		
	7.2	The $\hat{\Gamma}_2$ -genus	77		
8	Conclusion 8				
	8.1	Variations on zeta-regularization	80		
	8.2	The $\hat{\Gamma}$ -function and the Γ -genera $\ldots \ldots \ldots$	81		
	8.3	The case of LLM and beyond $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$	83		
A	Polynomial Sequences 84				
	A.1	Symmetric Functions	84		
	A.2	The Pontrjagin Sequence	86		
	A.3	The Γ -sequence	87		
	A.4	The $\hat{\Gamma}$ -sequence	87		
		_			

Bibliography

Abstract

We consider the regularization of some equivariant Euler classes of certain infinitedimensional vector bundles over a finite-dimensional manifold M using the framework of zeta-regularized products [35, 53, 59]. An example of such a regularization is the Atiyah–Witten regularization of the T-equivariant Euler class of the normal bundle $\nu(TM)$ of M in the free loop space LM [2].

In this thesis, we propose a new regularization procedure — W-regularization — which can be shown to reduce to the Atiyah–Witten regularization when applied to the case of $\nu(TM)$. This new regularization yields a new multiplicative genus (in the sense of Hirzebruch [26]) — the $\hat{\Gamma}$ -genus — when applied to the more general case of a complex spin vector bundle of complex rank ≥ 2 over M, as opposed to the case of the complexification of TM for the Atiyah–Witten regularization. Some of its properties are investigated and some tantalizing connections to other areas of mathematics are also discussed.

We also consider the application of W-regularization to the regularization of \mathbb{T}^2 equivariant Euler classes associated to the case of the double free loop space LLM. We find that the theory of zeta-regularized products, as set out by Jorgenson–Lang [35], Quine et al [53] and Voros [59], amongst others, provides a good framework for comparing the regularizations that have been considered so far. In particular, it reveals relations between some of the genera that appeared in elliptic cohomology, allowing us to clarify and prove an assertion of Liu [44] on the $\hat{\Theta}$ -genus, as well as to recover the Witten genus. The $\hat{\Gamma}_2$ -genus, a new genus generated by a function based on Barnes' double gamma function [5, 6], is also derived in a similar way to the $\hat{\Gamma}$ -genus.

Signed Statement

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