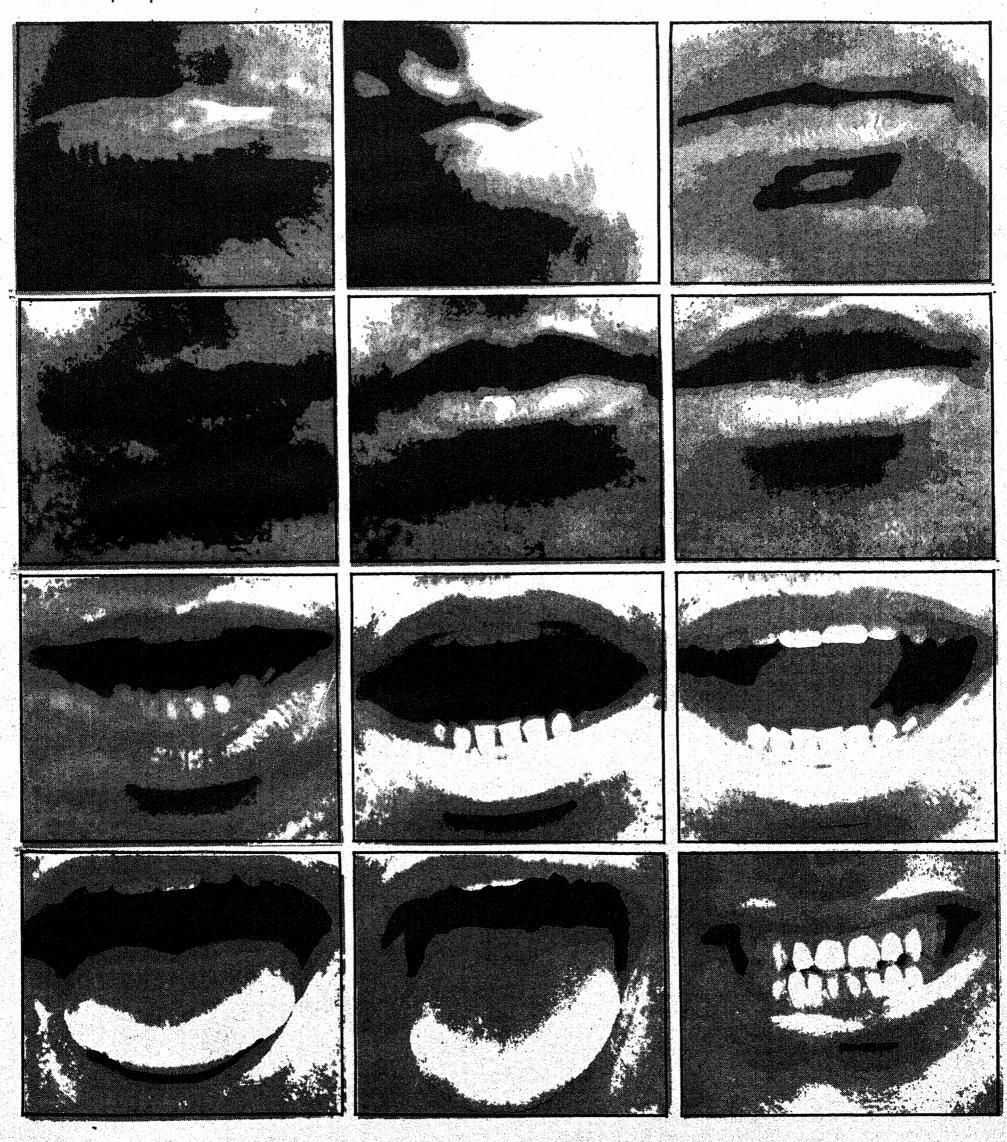
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Newspaper of the Students Association Volume 48 Number 14





The SAUA Elections are now only one week away. Voting commences on Tuesday the 29th July and runs until Thursday the 31st. The failure of the Liberals this year to provide candidates for nomination has caused much fearful speculation that involvement in student politics is reaching a dangerously low ebb. One good thing to come out of these (non)elections is the way in which the raison d'etre of the Students' Association has been thrown into stark relief. Without the Llb s to bounce off they have found they have little left to say.

The Students' Association should be the voice of the students on campus; it represents them, fights for them, entertains and occasionally enlightens them.

There seems to exist a schism between the bureaucrats and students which is deepening as the mood of the University swings away from the active and politically motivated stance that developed in the sixties.

Australia is now deep in a recession, and the money and time we could afford to spend on social progress is available no more. The spirit of 1972 is dead, buried under a grey mass of unemployment, funding cutbacks and now general fears of an unstable world situation.

What is needed in student politics is the creative ability to come to terms with a problem and to pose solutions, not out of the habits of the past, but with a genuine appreciation of the moment. It's sad therefore to see so few people nominating, for positions within the Association. Positions are poorly contested; few ideas or policies have been verbalized, candidates haven't had to think about what course they will pursue or how.

The fact remains that each year a lot of student money is up for grabs at election time. This is quite a responsibility. Demands are great and value for money must be provided if the Union system is to be successful. A body such as the Students' Association which administers money of the order of \$66,000 on behalf of a group as diverse as the students of this University must constantly look to provide the best this money can buy.

The success of an Executive is not measured by the number of people they can whip up to fill out the forms at election time but rather by their perception of student needs and their willingness to act quickly and effectively.

> Thanks to Papas for kind permission to reprint his illustrations from the 1979 Collins edition of the Screwlape Letters by C.S. Lewis in the Editorial.



Murdoch ... Bilbo believes that Ralph Nader will be seeing Rupert Murdoch during his visit to Australia this month. The meeting is to last half an hour although to our knowledge no agenda has been released. Could Murdoch be placing himself in another situation he may live to regret, and just what does Nader want to see him for?

o doubt about it, 5KA's plunge to the lower end of the ratings charts has provoked a great deal of happiness around Adelaide's radio stations. 5MMM is even getting in on the act. Two triple em brekky show announcers were heard gleefully talking about how 5KA had learnt things from triple em. Bilbo hopes it doesn't include things like running 45's at 33 or doing funny stunts with the levels from record to record.

avid Muir spent a couple of minutes at last week's Finance Committee meeting explaining that if something was not spent then it was money saved. "You know the old saying, penny saved, penny wise". Apparently he felt the need to explain things to the Finance Committee who as it happens didn't learn much; Next year's Union fee could be \$142.00.

onnoisseurs of the Murdoch media overkill would have been pleased at Thursday's News headline "Row Over Nude Pictures in School". Apparently, kids at the Port Noarlunga Primary School were using centrefold nudes to draw life studies until The News put in its ever educational hand. Bilbo wonders how desperate The News was for news on that day. A more worrying prospect is that The News thought the story worthwhile.

othing like covering both bases. It appears that yet 🛮 again aspiring candidates will be flooding the campus with stickers bearing their name.

However in Williamson and Hunt's case the stickers come in two colours, red and blue. Your respectful hobbit wonders at this covert attempt at appealing to both bases.

leventh hour presidential candidate Rick Edwards seems to have something of an advantage over Mandy Cornwall. Earlier, before his decision to run, Mandy Cornwall had revealed her whole election strategy in an interview. Rick promised not to tell anyone else: Bilbo is sure he won't.

aul Fogden was a late withdrawal from the On dit editor race. Bilbo believes that the attractions of the Public Sronger than On dit's charms. Meanwhile Paul is open to suggestions as to how he disposes of two hundred election posters.

ilbo is pleased to receive mail, and although the content of the following letter is a little tendentious, your humble hobbit thought it deserved mention.

Dear Bilbo,

To improve the readership numbers for your column (severely cut back through competition with "How's That") perhaps you could run a quiz. Suggested question:

"Where is the Union's \$5000 Steinway piano stored when not in use?

(a) Guy Maddern's House

(b) Peter Maddern's House

(c) Thornber St., Unley Park

(d) all of the above. From a devoted reader.

All Bilbo can suggest is that the Union's Steinway must be well used; perhaps a piano sonata to 5KA is in order.



Amalgamate

The letters editor: 'On dit' Department of the Media, Students' Revolutionary Front for the Liberation of Nth Terrace and Mackinnon

George Murray blo. Torrens River Soviet

Dear Editors,

This will be a modest letter, to sult its being set in very very small type. It won't attempt to solve all the world's problems; merely a few. Namely, the Union's fee squeeze, and reviews underway at present the theatres, the education research officer and graphics officer. A saving of \$6 of the Union fee is involved.

of the Union fee is involved.
Falling student numbers (and the shrinking TEAS), means we have to save money fast! A solution? Campus Amalgamation. The Adelaide College Students' Association is having difficulty providing services to their city campus. The Adelaide Uni Union crisis is caused by a growing underutilization of our facilities, and a cost

A rationalization of the student refectories on the North Terrace triple campus site is surely due - particularly that of Adelaide CAE with the Union facilities. It's stupid to pretend nobody eats on the wrong' campus. Similarly the theatre accommodation could be reorganized. Even if no theatre closures were found to be needed (which personally I feel is unlikely since the Scott and Union Theatres are so similar and both underused) the staff costs - a major factor

in our theatre subsidy, could be eased.

The Student Activities/Welfare/Employment services could be brought closer together - the bar could be (officially) opened to each campus. Student Radio could be funded by a consortium of campuses, not just Adelaide Uni. The Craft Studio could be shared. So could the Sports Association. There are some problems in this idea - the different fee levels, difficulty in establishing a way of sharing only part of our facilities, and the question of campus identification and autonomy.

Anyhow, it's a different approach to debating who we're going to sack, what we won't fund, etc., etc., etc., etc. Yours in solidarity, Cde John Sandeman RA

What's that name again?

Dear On dit,

A hot sword has pierced and shattered my consciousness. A feeling of nausea, repulsion and horror has destroyed my rationality.

Simon Summers! Simon Summers! Who ever heard of Simon Summers? Everyone knows it's STEPHEN SUMMERS, not SIMON SUMMERS! It's like saying John Christ or Klingon Marxl

Such a blatant attack on my person did not go unnoticed. No, you thought yourself so subtle in your attack upon my humble personage. The nerve and audacity of such a conspiracy is unheard of in student journalism. Here exists a Murdoch-like tactic of slander and libel -

What hypocrisy from On dit! Be prepared for a law suit and an ensuing legal struggle. Your defamatory action will not succeed! A retraction is demanded.

Stephen Summers

[Nominee as Co-editor of Bread and Circuses with Andrew Chapman who claims he had nothing to do with it, but whose proof reading

Sorry about that Frank; we're not quite sure whether to have this vetted by the returning officer-or not. Eds.

Thanks Frank, Hello Anotea

Yes folks

I am standing for the most coveted position in the Student power structure. Bread and Circuses Editor. I anticipate that many harsh words will be said during the heated and emotional battle which will no doubt occur. (All I ever wanted was

absolute powerl) I have a word of advice to all. Don't take everything too seriously, and remember that we are all honourable men, and Brutus

is an honourable man ... etc. Don't lose your sense of humour.

Yours sincerely

Andrew Allison (no relation to Anotea Allison)

PS I read Michael Logie's article on "Science and Society" (On dit 13). As a scientist I must say that I found it to be first

TEAS; No Fines

Ithough pleading guilty, convictions were not proceeded with against two students who appeared in the Adeiaide Magistrates Court last Thursday over TEAS payments. No legal costs were awarded against them.

The charges laid against them concerned their failure to notify the Department of Education within seven days of discontinuing their course.

One student who had withdrawn from 371/2% of her course had repaid the Department immediately when she had been informed of the overpayment. The other had voluntarily returned uncashed cheques to the Department and had begun repayment of the outstanding \$150 before she had received her summons.

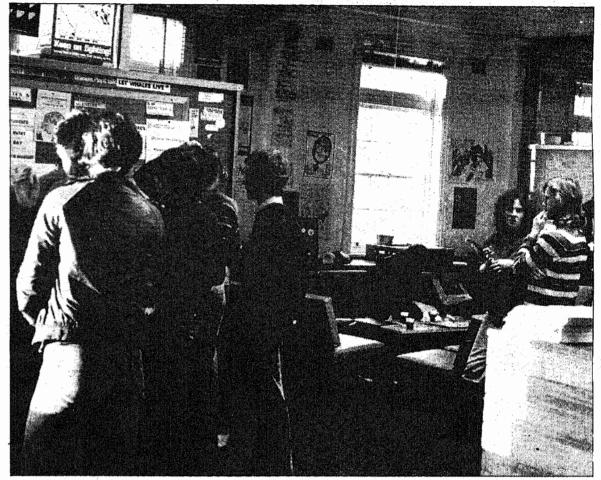
This futile exercise by the Commonwealth Education Department has cost the government the time of two magistrates, two crown presecutors, the legal and office and Commonwealth Police who investigated the cases.

Clearly there had been no intent to defraud, yet despite the assurances of the Director of the SA section of the Department of Education, these trivial cases are being proceeded with. It is fortunate for the students concerned that the courts consider the students' error as minor and that the repayment of the money is enough to end the matter.

When will the Commonwealth Education Department stop these absurd prosecutions, which waste both money and

Remember; notify the Department within 7 days if you change your course or withdraw from any subjects. After all you don't want to have to go through the hassle of two court appearances. Also you'll probably find you are entitled to some other benefit like unemployment or sickness and both will give you more money than you could ever get on TEAS.

Anne Gooley Education Research Officer



Libs nowhere to be seen

Suspense in the SAUA when nominations closed.

ELECTION BOYCOTT?

ho would have guessed that the Students' Association would ever be filled with dismay at the news that there would not be any opposition from the campus Liberal Club in a student election.

That was the unbelievable situation when nominations closed at 5.00 p.m. on Friday July 11. At 4.45 p.m. the expected rush of Liberal nominations didn't eventuate and the small crowd of electioneers were left standing around the noticeboard punching thin air.

The most immediate fears were that very few would bother to turn up in the elections next week since only two positions (those of editors for Bread and Circuses and On dit) were contested. Speculation has been rife about the reasons for the absence of any Liberal candidates, one of the most popular having been that they were deliberately boycotting the elections to strengthen their supposed case for legislation against compulsory Unionism. Pointing to a low turnout in student elections, they would use this to make the case that the Student Union is irrelevant to

most students.

A second explanation is that the Liberals feel so frustrated at previous attempts to do something within the present Union structure that they have just given up.

A third explanation could be that the Liberals just haven't got the numbers to nominate this year. With a membership of about 30, and an active membership of six at the most, the Liberal student profile is at the lowest level seen for some time.

Nominations re-opened

Last Monday after much discussion, Adam Russell the Returning Officer, decided to reopen nominations for a further period of a week, closing at 3.30 p.m. last Friday. The decision was not without controversy. His reasons for this were that not sufficient publicity had been given. Advertisements were placed in the Advertiser and the News on Wednesday, and a further 1200 handbills were printed and distributed around campus.

This effort was reasonably successful as the following additional candidates nominated in the last week were:

President: Rick Edwards Vice-Pres. Simon Maddocks Treasurer: Kon Kotsiou Executive: Mark Duffy, Alan AUS Council delegates: Simon Maddocks

SAC: Christopher Newport

PAC: Tony David, Kon Kotsiou, Debbie Cutlack, Dierdre Nicholls, Michael Christopher and Bill Lucarelli.

Voting will be next week. Flinders University

At Flinders Uni, things are a little bit more exciting, with the local Liberals running a similar campaign to the one they organised here at Adelaide last year. They have put forward Candidates for five of the ten positions available on the Coordinating Committee (similar to our Union Council). One of these candidates is Kym Bills, ex-President of Adelaide Uni Liberal Club. The Liberal Ticket promises to reduce the Union Fee, currently standing at \$124 to \$100.

Tomatoes thrown

Some students aren't taking too well to Kym's presence. Tomatoes were hurled at him when he spoke at a meeting for candidates at Flinders last Tuesday, Later on in the library someone threw an apple which hit him on the back of the head. Turgid stuff, but we can rest assured that we won't see such emotive behaviour at our elections. One wonders how many even know they are on. Andrew Fagan

he Adelaide University Pro Nuclear Association held its Inaugural General Meeting last Friday.

The meeting was attended by about twenty people, as well as a bevy of observers from the AU Mountain Club and CANE. According to an informed source, most of those who declared themselves interested in AUPNA were engineering students. Cynics commented that they were engaging in a form of job creation.

which is expected to be duly

approved by the CSC. The objects of the Club are to promote a flow of factual information on the uses of uranium as an energy source" and to promote the safe use of ionizing radiation and a "safe nuclear industry within Australia".

CANE spokesperson Alan Rushbrook is sceptical. He warns people that the 'factual information' may be correct but untruthful. He cited a recent case in which WMC claimed that radiation from its core samples was equivalent to that emitted by a small electric radiator without mentioning the different sorts of radiation involved. An interesting

sidelight in the Constitution is the move to affiliate with the Uranium Information Centre Limited, formerly constituted as the Uranium Producers' Forum. Funds for this organization are believed to be supplied by several large mining companies.

Attempts were made to set up a similar club on campus in 1978, but failed due to lack of interest. Geoff Hanmer

Ethnic Dance

Every Friday lunchtime in Union Build-ings, Level 4, Dining Room. (Due to a banquet on Aug. 1st, we will dance in the Lady Symon Library for that day only.) If you can dance, great. If you can't, we'll

teach you.



Increase recommended

142 Fee Proposal

he Union fee could Cuts be raised another recommendation met on Thursday of last theatre.

The \$15 rise is more than the average rise of \$8 a year that we decide the Budget for 1981. have had over the past four years.

Significant cuts in the proposed budget are the grants eight dollars next year of \$10,000 for repair to Nonto total \$142. This is the Collegiate Housing and the before mechanist and cleaner of Union Union Council from the Hall who could be retrenched, Finance Committee which saving \$30,000. This would effectively close the Hall to live

> Union Council meets to consider these proposals when it meets on Monday next week to

On dit staff

airman

E.H. Medlin has been elected to the Chair of the new University Executive Committee by the members of the Education Committee.

Medlin was the only nominee for the position which required that he obtain a two-thirds majority of the voting members present to succeed.

Medlin, well known around the University for his work on Education Committee and Council will hold office for a year. In the past, Medlin has shown a sympathetic ear to student problems.

Elections for the members of the Executive Committee will be occurring soon; the Education Committee has now approved a voting procedure.

On dit staff

Constitution A constitution was tabled



ifty seven percent of Swedish voters moved to continue Sweden's programme to build twelve nuclear reactors for power generation.

The vote held on Saturday 22nd March was a qualified success for Sweden's pronuclear lobby. "We must accept the people's decision; that the majority are in favour of twelve reactors" said Prime Minister Falldin after the results became

Despite mass demonstrations involving 120,000 people across Sweden (30,000 in Stockholm), the anti-nuclear forces could not rally sufficient voters to stop the programme which already has six reactors in operation.

Results could have been predicted with certainty after the opposition Social Democratic Party suggested that an alternative yes option be put to the vote. This option, contrasting with the unqualified 'yes' proposed by the conservatives was for twelve reactors in a period of twenty five years. A halt would be called when other forms of energy proved viable.

Cheap Trick

CINEMA

Many viewed this as a cheap trick by the Social Democrats, as

UNION HALL-AU FILM GROUP

Tues 12.10 "Rocky II" Sylvester

Stallone returns in red-blooded

hard-fisted stack-jawed style,

Wed 12.10 "Manhattan". Either

an ultra-contemporary comedy

charged with touching insights

into relationships' or 'a nauseat-

ingly self-indulgent trip into New

York petty bourgeois intellectual

pretension'. See it and decide for

Mon 7.00 "Radio On" - a high-

light of the "shake, rattle and

reel" season. Directed by Chris

Petit, with music by lan Drury,

David Bowie, Wreckless Eric,

Devo, etc. Associate producer

Wim Wenders, Support "Her

Lonely Lane" part of the Women

Wed 7.30 "The Kids are Alright", the acclaimed docu-

mentary on the Who from 1965 to

1978. Also features Keith

Richard, Ringo Starr & Norman

in Japanese Cinema season.

yourself.

Gunston.

page 4

UNION HALL-NETA

mumbles a lot and hits things.

surveys before the referendum had shown that a majority of Sweden's voters were against nuclear power. People were frightened into voting for the soft option as a result of propaganda put out by the high spending conservative and liberal parties.

A favourite theme of the pronuclear argument was Sweden's lack of fossil energy reserves; it was hinted that Swedish living standards were set to fall had the energy programme lapsed. On the other side were people who accepted that the rejection of the energy programme would mean a change in lifestyle, but that such a change would be worthwhile and one that was acceptable. "It's a choice between nuclear power and shoddy commo dities or a sustainable steady state economy" said one.

In Stockholm the outlook isn't completely bleak for anti-nuclear forces. Although we are stuck with nuclear power for some time, it looks as if nuclear power will be a closed chapter in the long term energy programme. Despite the otherwise successful campaign for the soft option, the Social Democrats were severely embarrassed when Alva Myrdal, Sweden's Social Democrat UN disarmament voice, spoke in favour of halting the energy programme at the six existing reactors. In the readjust-

ment surrounding announcement of the result, the centre party demanded that the twelfth reactor must be excluded from the programme.

The result: 57% for, 39.4% against and 3.3% uncertain.

Nils Viking, Stockholm Correspondent

Japanese Scholarships

The undergraduate scholarships are tenable for five years and a successful student will return to Australia with a degree of "Gakushi" in Law, Economics, Business Administration, Education, Sociology, Literature, History, Philosophy or Japanese Language. Applicants in this category must have reached matriculation standard and be between 18 and 22 years of age on 1st April 1981.

The research awards are tenable for eighteen months or two years. Applicants must be willing to study the Japanese language and to receive instruction in that language. There are opportunities for postgraduate study in the humanities, social sciences and natural sciences.
Applicants in this category must be graduates or final year students under 35 years of age on 1st April 1981. Application forms are available from:

The Secretary Department of Education Government Monbusho Scholarships)

P.O. Box 826 WODEN, ACT 2606

Closing date 19th September, 1980.

Craft Studio

The following courses are starting up Yoga: Thursdays 6-7.30p.m. for 9 weeks

Boot making and Fancy footwear:

Thursdays 7-9p.m. for 8 weeks.

For details, enquire at the Craft Studio, 4th Level, Union House, ext. 2857.

VALHALLA AT THE CAPRI

Mon & Tues 8 pm "Gunga Din" old-time action & adventure film of Kipling's tale from darkest India.

Wed 7.30 "Marat/Sade" starring Glenda Jackson, and "Equius" Thurs 7.30 Herzog's brilliant remake of "Nosferatu" with Klaus Kinski, and Louis Malle's meaningless pretentious "Black Moon

Fri 7.30 & Sat 3pm. "Hester Street" & "Padre Padrone". Sat 7.30 & Sun 3pm. Alain Resnais' mesmerising "Provid-

ence", plus "Stravinsky". Sun 7.30 "Mon Oncle" & "Traffic" - Jacques Tati double.

LITTLE CINEMA

Fri 7.30 AUFG & Jazz, Rock & Blues Club present a "Rock Film Night" with "That'll Be The Day" and "American Graffiti" JRB/AUFG members \$1.50, others \$2.50.

NAPIER LECTURE THEATRE 101, 1ST FLOOR

Fri 8.00 AU Literary Society Screens David Lean's classic 1946 film of Charles Dickens novel. Only 75c.

CHELSEA

Mon-Wed 7.30 "And Justice For All" plus "The Cl Syndrome - two entertaining films dealing in simplistic but accessible ways about social issues.

Fri & Sat 7.30 "Yanks" - nostalgic & deftly-crafted look at GIs in wartime England.

DRAMA

PLAYHOUSE

Wed to Sat 8.15 "The Masters" musical tribute to Noel Coward & Ivor Novello, with June Bronhill & Dennis Olsen. \$6 for students.

SPACE

Mon to Thurs 8.30 "Silk" Rotterdam-based international performing collective, in 'Salome" by Oscar Wilde, a timeless tale of lust, hatred. decadence & violence. Students \$4.50.

Fri & Sat 6pm "Silk" in "Oresteia", a 3-play cycle. The

treet Theatre

First, we had a geriatric at Ayers House.

Unusually for a septuagenarian Vince isn't dead, so of remembers Vince only for his escaped the Adelaide press, and they allowed the old fart to get and the Dalai Lama.

coterie of fawning Journalists.

There was TV Times, The Sunday Mail, The ABC, 5MMM, Student Radio and, of course, On dit hovering in the background. Arranged in a tight semi-circle, the attendant press began what was to be a series of fifteen minute discussions on topics of interest such as fish, pavlovas, Sydney rock oysters, nuclear is beyond me - especially when he was confronted by the more incisive stuff such as "His show, so obviously good. What do you do in it?" and so on. At least they didn't ask him what he thought of Australia, although Vince did go out of his way to say he "lurved Adelaide".

There were other diversions such as are normal at this type of affair. Watching the microphones flick back and forth from questioner to questionee always walk. reminds me of those mindless

f nothing else, the week teeve documentaries of fish past was a transparent schools; swimming backwards container of delights. and forwards in unison. Besides the attendant with the cigarette lighter almost burning Vince's Vincent Price holding forth nose off, this was about as near as I got to an appreciation of truth and beauty.

What worries me is the effects course everyone makes a fuss of on the people who read the resulhim. The fact that the public tant drivel, and the conception the reporters must have of their parts in appalling horror movies audience. It's enough to make you start on the Bex. Second, and possibly funnier if it wasn't away with presenting himself as so sad, was the visit of the a cross between Graham Kerr Committee of Inquiry into the ABC. This august group gave After doddering 'round the every indication of trying to Victorian splendour of the press compete with prime time teleconference venue for a suitable vision. I mean, who'd stay home length of time, Vince sat down to and watch one of those imported scones, jam, and an attentive sit-coms when you could watch this lot live. Perhaps Auntie ought to film it. With some clever editing and titling it's probably ready to go as an antipodean rival to 'Dad's Army'. Who knows what they have in mind for it. Certainly the theory that this Committee will report to the government about the submissions it receives on the ABC isn't very plausible. The Comwar, detente and the politics of mittee actually spent about five acting (5MMM). What Vince confused minutes talking at actually thought of this grab bag cross purposes; someone had made a point about "Auntle ABC" and so on. This little routine should have been hilarious, but it only made me cringe.

I think it's high time the Commissioners stepped in and axed this show on the grounds of obscenity. Either it's a waste of money, or an elaborate ritual designed to preserve the status quo. Two in one week; more fun like this and I'll be too weak to

Geoff Hanmer



tragedy of Agamemnon, Electra & Orestes, Students \$5.

RED SHED

Tues-Sat 8.15. Troupe presents With support. \$2.50. Brecht's "The Mother" stirring political play'. Students

CARCLEW

Tue-Sun 8.30 La Mama (Melbourne) present "Samuel Beckett - 3 Short Plays" directed by Jean-Pierre Mignon.

OLD TOWN HALL THEATRE, UNLEY

Wed-Sat 8.15 Adelaide Uni Theatre Guild Ensemble presents Corinne Jacker's "Bits & Pleces". Students \$2.

OPERA THEATRE Mon-Sat 8pm "Hinge & Bracket". Students \$6.90.

MUSIC

UNI BAR

Sat 8-late "Footlights Bar Night" - or "Rack Off - the Alternative Other than these, check your Battle of the Bands" with 3 or 4 bands. \$2 only. Printed Carry agen

Thurs 5MMM-FM presents "Firm Grip" - Adelaide's accessible modern sound for the 80s.

ROCK OFF - PARKS COM-MUNITY CENTRE

Sat Finalists of 5MMM-FM's rock off in the Gym. Bands are No Fixed Address, the Manics, The Hares, Nuvo Bloc, Street Wed 7.30 "Marat/Sade" starring Glenda Jackson, and "Equus". \$2.50, Students \$3.50, Others \$4.

FREEMASONS' HALL

Fri 8.00 "All Together Now" concert featuring Margaret Roadnight, Jeannie Lewis, Jan Cornwall, Elizabeth Drake & Janie Conway, with local women Natasha, Sally Forth & the Women's Palm Court Orchestra. 5MMM subscribers \$5.50. Students \$6.50, Workers \$7.50.

local favourite venue for residencies or special acts.

Free For All with Funds

rom now until the Federal Election, On dit will present onthe-spot fortnightly reports from our Canberra correspondent on national politics from a State viewpoint.

Just before Parliament broke winter the Government rushed through a Bill that removed all limits on candidates' expenditure in federal elections. For reasons that will become apparent this Bill received hardly any attention in the press.

Until the Bill, the Commonwealth Electoral Act set a limit of \$1000 on a candidate's expenditure in a Senate election and \$300 in a House of Representatives election. No one took this limit very seriously. Politicians such as Sneddon, Peacock and Killen simply forgot to furnish returns. Others, such as Malcolm Fraser, signed forms that stated that they had spent less than \$500. In a technical sense they probably did - the Act did not limit expenditure by parties on behalf of candidates.

The Government's main justifications for abolishing the financial provisions of the Act completed and its report were that they were unworkable and that they were a historical throwback to provisions designed to deal with bribery and corruption in 19th century British elections - problems that no longer exist.

The Democrats and Labor were far from convinced that bribery and corruption no longer existed, and in any case argued that the best way to deal with an unworkable law was to make it workable by increasing the expenditure limits (\$15,000 and \$7,500 were suggested) and extending the law to cover political parties.

Both amendments went down like a lead balloon and the Bill passed both houses in eight days along party lines.

Government fair?

But it's not as if the Government wasn't fair. In introducing the Bill John McLeay announced that the Government was in favour of public disclosure of electoral expenditure and will set up an inquiry to determine how to implement

Unfortunately "it is unlikely that the inquiry will be able to be considered before the next election". This, despite the fact that the inquiry could have been set up before the three-month recess to report when parliament resumes in September.

This means that the next election, and, only the next election, will be fought without any restrictions on expenditure, legal or moral. One could almost see the smirk on Senator Carrick's face when he said: "What this Government is doing is suspending a particular section for this election."

Liberal Party officials are known to have booked masses of advertising time on TV, radio and newspapers for the months ahead and to have received visits from representatives of the Uranium Producers' Forum. The coming election could be one of the most expensive ever.

Unless you are an avid reader of Hansard you are likely to know nothing of the Commonwealth Electoral Amendment Bill. The journalists were on strike when it was introduced and the TV, radio and newspaper management stand to do very nicely out of it thank you.

From our Correspondent

Medibank was "lurching along hopefully to get through the coming federal election, but which ever party wins at the end of the year there will be a new scheme for 1981".

Only about half the nation was covered by private medical insurance, and in the last twelve months there has been a steady increase in the drift away from private health insurance for three main reasons, he said.

The complexity of the variations in health insurance packages, some states offering no less than 51 different kinds, and the cost of contributions were the main deterrents. Added to this was the high drop-out rate of both young and healthy people and the wealthier segments of the population, who saw themselves either as unlikely risks or as having the resources to cope.

Promises

Dr Blewett promised that should the Labor Party come to power next year it would set up its original goals of eleven years ago, for a simple, universal scheme "covered and paid for by all", an equitable scheme where contributions varied according to a person's ability to pay, as

that in the first year of government but every change will be

No significant inroads could be made into the massive national medical bill until the aspect of preventative health was more fully developed, not through repressive laws but through legislative incentives for both manufacturing and advertising companies, he said. Provision for the old was currently most inadequate, allowing private networks to dominate nursing homes for the aged which were "haphazard and inefficient and have encouraged medically inappropriate developments"

The costs of hospitals themselves "must be contained but the only way to do this is through creative co-operation between federal and state governments, not by budget slashing". A balance must be struck between cutting back hospital facilities in some areas and expanding in



of funding cuts dominated the Vice-Chancellor's speech at the Second Term University Meeting on Thursday the week before last.

A major issue is the lack of supplementation for incremental creep, which occurs because of higher salaries being paid due to promotions, aging or changes in awards beyond the CPI indexation. This cost factor is not taken into account in the government's grants, so the Uni is faced with ever decreasing funds being taken away by a 7% incremental creep factor.

The worsening situation has led to the freezing of academic posts as they become vacant. The audience (comprising mainly staff members) then questioned the Vice-Chancellor about whether this was a rational way of spreading the burden of cutbacks. As staff vacancies happen randomly, some departments have been hit far harder than others. It was suggested by a member of the audience that to ensure a more equitable distribution of the impact of cuts, the administration should face

he crippling effects, the hard decision of making the less needed staff members redundant. No doubt suggestions such as this will have to be considered as the funding situation worsens.

> Another suggestion was that the Uni should try to mobilize public support for increased education spending. The Vice-Chancellor agreed with this and said the Universities' Council was presently compiling information on the appalling effects of cutbacks to present to politicians to gain support. Hopefully staff, administration and AUS can co-operate in attempting to make education spending a more visible issue.

The Vice-Chancellor spoke about the TEASA proposal to close Sturt CAE. He accepted this "rationalization" without criticism. Unfortunately it appears the Vice-Chancellor is willing to see CAEs attacked in the hope that more funds will be directed towards universities.

Overall, the picture painted by the Vice-Chancellor is gloomy, with the only hope being the willingness of staff to fight to maintain education standards in the face of funding cuts.

Julia Gillard, Education Officer.

Chaos and Confusion MED BUNK MINISTER FOR THE BILLIAN SHADOW MINISTER FOR HEAlth Chaos and Confusion MED BUNK MINISTER FOR THE BILLIAN SHADOW MINISTER FOR HEAlth Chaos and Confusion MED BUNK MED BUN

"'chaos, confusion and contradiction", according to the Shadow Minister for Health, Dr Neal Blewett.

Dr Blewett blamed the Federal Government for the "disintegration" of effective medical coverage during an address on "The State of Australia's Health Insurance System" to a public meeting held in Blackwood on Wednesday night.

He did not believe that the Federal Government "ever had a health policy", and said that the decisions on national health insurance had "all originated in the Treasury and not the Health Department". The course of the national health scheme had been "dictated by the immediate budgetary needs of the government",

he present health as could be seen by four separate insurance system is in and contradictory policies deployed in the last five years, "which shift the weight of the cost from the government to the taxpayer and back to the government again".

National health insurance had been set back eleven years through the inefficient management of the Federal Government, he said and the "whole debate will have to be fought through again, since the system is again expensive, complicated and contributions still beyond payment for some people".

In the five years since Fraser's promise to maintain Medibank, there has been instead a constant gutting of the system, in part due to the Prime Minister's driving conviction that you must

destroy monuments to the Whitlam government", Dr Blewett said.

Medibank gutted

against the existing flat rates.

He said, "We can't achieve sequential toward that goal".

other areas.

en Hit Bac

ttacks on women's rights have been stepped up recently. These include the policies of the present Federal government towards women, and attacks by right wing groups on progress made on women's issues.

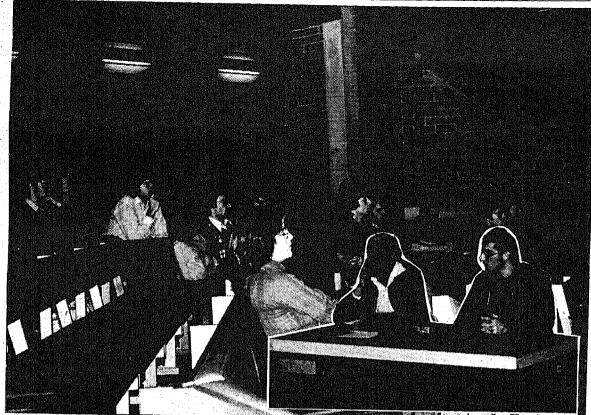
These attacks must be countered. The Women's Department of AUS is organising a conference to analyse women's position in relation to these attacks, and work out ideas to combat them. There will be a conference on Women Under Attack at Melbourne University 6-7th September. Areas to be looked at include education, refugees, abortion, government funding, specific right wing groups and the effectiveness of the Women's Movement's tactics In the past, present and future. National Week

This will be followed by a National Week OT : activities beginning Monday 15th September: The basis of the campaign will be an information handbook and a series of posters illustrating areas of discrimination against women. The National Women's Officer, Barbara Weimar will be in Adelaide to address public forums and student meetings.

Other activities will be organised and details finalised at meetings leading up to the national action. This is a campaign that no woman (or man) can ignore.

The first of these meetings is Tuesday 22nd July at 6.00 p.m. at the Women's Information Switchboard, Kintore Ave., Adelaide. Otherwise contact the Women's Officer, Chris Barry in the Students' Association.

Mandy Cornwall



n Thursday, Ted Gnatenko, Education Officer of the Amalgamated Metal Workers' and Shipwrights' Union (AMWSU), addressed a forum of students on the advantages of introducing a 35 hour week.

Gnatenko argued that since 1945 and the post-War economic boom, technological improvements have far surpassed similar developments, in both rate and magnitude, for any other period of history.

However despite the tremendous increase in the overall wealth being produced in developed capitalist societies like Australia, little of it is going to the people who actually operate this technology: the workers. In actual fact the benefits of this technological change are continually being accumulated by the owners and controllers of production, the

multinational corporations who dominate Australian industry. The Syntec Research Group found that by 1976 the overseas shareholders of multinational corporations received 55% of all profits made in Australia.

Gnatenko went on to say that in a stagnated economy like Australia's, these corporations have chosen to implement further technological advances to displace labour, resulting in both tremendous increases in their profit margins and an increasing number of unemloyed people. The point of Gnatenko's argument was that "a 35 hour week will preserve existing jobs and provide more jobs now and in the future".

He supported his case by looking to the experience of the Belgian workforce, where it won a 36 hour week a few years ago. Economists have since found that the 10% drop in working hours resulted in the creation of 5% more jobs. Comparative estimates as to the creation of employment opportunities

resulting from the success of the 35 hour week, would see the advent of 252,000 extra jobs in Australia.

Gnatenko's discussion made clear the shortcomings of the leadership of the ACTU and the Labor Party who have capitulated to the Arbitration Commission, the employers and the Fraser Government on this issue. The Metal Workers' campaign represents a serious attempt to transfer the benefits of technological change. Because it challenges the existing distribution of wealth and income in this country, it will face strong opposition from the small minority who stand to lose most from the gains of the majority of the Australian population.

If you wish to seek further information on the 35 hour week campaign, we recommend that you consult the AMWSU pamphlet "35 Hours, More Jobs, More Leisure", available from the Politics Office.

> Bill Cornish Philip Paasuke

Stop HEC: Brown say



new and enthusiastic campaign to protect the South-West Wilderness of Tasmania was launched in Union Hall on Thursday

Although a victory has been won in the battle for the Wild Rivers' National Park with the Franklin River safe from destruction, a significant area of South-West Tasmania will still be

lost if this compromise proposal is accepted.

page 6

meeting, with 300 people present. The speakers, Dr Bob Brown and Mr Peter Thompson pointed out that a significant area of natural wilderness will be lost if flooding goes ahead. The South-West is one of three areas in Australia listed with the Heritage Commission and under no circumstances should the proposed compromise - hydroelectric schemes be allowed to diminish the national heritage according to Brown.

Lincoln Sillakus opened the

Details of the political games involved in decision making were outlined by Brown, while Thompson spoke about general energy conservation issues and emphasized the fact that there are efficient and viable alternatives that would allow the South-West to stay in its natural

Entertainment

The audience were also treated to a film on the Franklin area and musical entertainment courtesy of the Original Goanna Band. The meeting closed with a unanimous vote in favour of the following motion:

That 'the 300 people at this meeting call upon the Tasmanian Government to extend the proposed Franklin Wild Rivers' National Park to include the Lower Gordon and Dennison Rivers. We oppose any further dams in the South-West Wilderness.

On Wednesday July 23 there will be a meeting of the Tasmanian Wilderness Society in the Little Theatre, Union Building to consolidate the campaign. Details are available from Sally Tideman 332 7521. TV Buffs will be interested in the film "South West Tasmania, A Wilderness in Question" to be screened this Thursday at 7,30 p.m. on Channel Seven.

Sally Tideman/On dit staff,

Watch it?

it least one avoidable of the eye are damaged, it can Centre each week according to Dr C.O. Auricht.

The constant stream of injuries has prompted Dr Auricht to take action in the form of a circular which advises people to use the safety equipment provided.

'People using the labs should familiarise themselves with the location of safety equipment" says Auricht. "If necessary, they should make sure it is provided and ready for use," he adds.

Most of the injuries occur when chemicals are handled carelessly splashing on to skin or eyes. Eye injuries concern Auricht most. "If the clear tissues

casualty visits the mean corneal transplants with no Student Health guarantee of success." Complacency and an easy familiarity with potentially dangerous chemicals are blamed for many of the accidents.

What to do

If an accident does occur which involves contact with corrosive chemicals, the area should be washed immediately with copious quantities of water, Five to ten minutes under a running tap should be sufficient for most chemicals. Auricht warns people to be especially cautious with acctone as the chemical often does not make its presence felt, and is invisible unless washed with water when it turns white.

Geoff Hanmer

hings are looking great for rock'n'roll in Adelaide these days. The 5MMM Rock Off has generated a great deal of interest in local bands.

The Rock Off semi-finalists were a mixture of terribly predicatable choices and virtual unknowns. introducing new and exciting bands and reminding jaded audiences of the talents of the familiar. The judges listened to the twenty bands over the last weekend in June, and based on their 15 minute performances,

chose the best six to be equal winners of the 1980 Rock Off Competition. The finalists will be playing at the Parks Community Centre Gym at Angle Park this Saturday night. In expected order of appearance they are No Fixed Address, Manics, Hares, Street Corner Jack, Navo Bloc, and Jumpers. The show starts at 8.00 p.m. and goes through till about 2 a.m.; it's dirt cheap -\$2.50 5MMM subscribers, \$3.50 Students, unemployed and \$4 the rest. There is a license and there's plenty of room to rage. Don't miss it.

Thefts Increase

ike thefts are still a problem on campus: at least they are to the growing numbers of students losing their machines.

Despite reasonable security being provided by students themselves in the form of chains and locks, thieves still manage to rip off bikes at record rates.

Chains are easy prey to bolt cutters" says Virginia Butler who had her bike stolen recently, "It's about time that the University got its act together about providing secure places for locking bicycles" adds Butler, who also makes the point that bicycles involve a large investment for most students. Insurance costs for bicycles have skyrocketed,

with SGIC now quoting around \$40 per year for a bike of average cost.

Bag Thefts

As reported in On dit 11, bag thefts are also on the increase. Students are asking the same sorts of questions about security provisions. Both Barr Smith bag racks are unsupervised and are easy picking for those determined to steal.

Peter Turnbull, Services Superintendent, has asked for greater student security awareness, but others have asked about positive security measures for the areas such as closed circuit TV or more lockers. Turnbull pleads with students not to store valuables in

Geoff Hanmer

somen on television continue to be portrayed negatively, or in

predominantly decorative roles, according to a study prepared by the Women's Bureau of the Department of Employment and Youth Affairs.

The Study, carried out in Melbourne advanced the view that the programmes and advertising televised by stations GTV 9, HSV 7 and ATV 0 do not reflect the role of women (i.e. half of the Australian population) in modern society, and that they reinforce out-of-date attitudes detrimental to women in the workforce.

The study covered the period 13 to 19 March 1979 in those time slots in which the child audience is greatest.

A submission to the Australian Broadcasting Tribunal resulting from the study recommends that conditions be laid down for the renewal of licences requiring:

(a) evidence of station procedures to increase the extent and status of the portrayal of women, and to increase the diversity of roles portrayed; (b) evidence of efforts to increase the role of women in high-level decision making within the stations through personnel-selection, training and promotion practices.

The Tribunal declined to take the Submission into account in its deliberations on renewal hearings.

W.N.S.

Hes not Reagan...

nvironmentalist
Barry Commoner is
running for President of the USA as leader of the new Citizens Party.
American Indian Ms
LaDonna Harris, is the party's vice-presidential candidate.

The Citizens Party convention last April made energy issues, including phasing out nuclear energy, central to their campaign.

The party blames the massive power of multinational corporations for the economic and energy crisis and inflation.

The party backs the *Equal* - *Rights Amendment* for women, more money for welfare and less for the military.

But the party collected flak for failing to give the struggle against racism prominence. Denise Carty-Bennia of the National Conference of Black Lawyers resigned as co-chairperson and other black executive members followed.

Trade unions are also poorly represented in the party.

5% the goal

Barry Commoner is This would qualify the party for presi-several million dollars federal funding after the election.

The party pegs its hopes on persuading some of the 50 per cent of electors who don't bother voting, to vote for Commoner.

They say that if they break the five per cent vote barrier in November, the finances they'll receive will help them build a strong mass base.

Left sceptical

But others on the American left are sceptical. Derek Shearer from Santa Monica, California, writing in *The Nation* advocates building a local base and working within the Democratic Party.

Voters are uninspired by Carter or Reagan. Both major parties have been accused of committing simultaneous electoral suicide by choosing candidates equally unpopular.

But independent liberal Republican candidate John Anderson is also chasing, with some success, the disenchanted voters, and may ruin Commoner's chances.

Tribune



ome on! Parliament will be empty in ten years' time!! That's how Tony Picollo, in the Chair, urged fellow Labor Club Members to nominate at the Club's AGM held last Tuesday.

But to no avail. The Executive was filled unopposed. Perhaps the chance of a parliamentary seat isn't enough these days. Labor Club membership has climbed to 80 in the past few months, which in fairness, must be due to more than opportunism. But the cynical view of

student politics as personal advancement by the socially mobile versus the picture of idealistic youth worries the Club. A "de facto role as a social club for political aspirants" balanced against a need to appeal to "people who are not political aspirants in order to fill out the membership" is how outgoing Secretary Mark Blumburg put it. For the record, Mark Duffy is the new President, Julia Gillard Vice-President, Chris Barry Secretary, Bruce Hannaford Treasurer, and Mark Blumberg and Carmen Di Cesare became Executive Members.

John Sandeman

Support for Warner

arious organisations around town are interested in using the Warner Theatre as a venue for film.

Mark Sobels, spokesperson for the Save the Warner Group says that the venue is entirely suitable for use to show films that would otherwise not have an airing.

As well as groups such as the Media Resource Centre, Australian Film Institute, and National Film Theatre, Peter Crayford from the Adelaide Film Festival has shown interest in the venue.

The Friends of the Art Gallery have written a letter to the Group. They think there is a definite need for a large attractive centrally located cinema "that is available for community use at low cost". "I think there's a need for a venue that screens films of the quality normally only found at film festivals" says Marcus Beresford, Executive Officer of the 'Friends of the Gallery'.

Accommodation

At present a number of arts organizations have no permanent home in Adelaide. Restoration of the present building could well incorporate provision for offices as well as

workshops and workspaces. The building could provide a focus for the various film events around Adelaide. "Government subsidizes Opera and Theatre. Why not film?" says Sobels.

Geoff Hanmer

Ondit

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Hot air from fire seminar

New Burnback Ideas

Allegations of friction between the Country Fire Services and the National Parks and Wild Life Service were aired at a Seminar held recently to discuss the bush fire in the Adelaide Hills 1980.

The Seminar, held on Friday July 11, was organized by Dr Whitelock of the Department of Further Education. The causes and effects of the Ash Wednesday Fire that occurred earlier this year were examined, and proposals were discussed to prevent any similar calamity in the future. Perhaps more time was spent on mud-slinging and allocation of blame for the extent of the fire's destruction than was necessary, but overall the debate was well balanced.

Conflicts of interest

John Fitzgerald, representing the Hon. David Wotton, Minister for the Environment, took up a precarious stance, explaining the conflict of interest between the rural producers, who advocate extensive preventative burning and land-clearance, and the conservationists wishing to preserve the natural fauna and flora. One point he made, which was echoed by most of the speakers, was that unless the confused chains of command which co-ordinate fire fighting efforts were brought under the control of a single authority, the situation would remain a for disaster'.

Suggestions of friction between the National Parks and Wildlife and the Country Fire Service were vociferously denied by representatives of both groups. However the Hon. Brian Chatterton, MLC and former Minister of Agriculture, recommended that the CFS should be independent of the Department of Agriculture to remove the image of its being preoccupied with rural interests.

Burning of Undergrowth

Much talk of prescribed burning of undergrowth to lessen the likelihood and confine the spread of future fires was indulged in. Seemingly the most viable proposition was that put forward by Mr Keith Casperson mosaic burning. This involves the prescribed burning of undergrowth in patches only, alternating every few years and picking the most potentially dangerous areas to burn. This would hinder the spread of a fire and could cause it to die out in isolation. The sacrifice of fauna and flora involved, Mr Casperson said was necessary to prevent much wider destruction should a conflagration of bush fire proportions occur. It is a compromising answer to a seemingly insoluble dilemma.

The man from Magic Valley

Bruce Bilney lived at what he calls 'Magic Valley' for two years. He was one of the few people who knew of the existence of a koala colony there, and for him and his unique furry friends the Horsnell Gully fire had sad consequences. He is one of the rank and file CFS members, for whom he has nothing but praise. He other organizations in a bid to reestablish the Magic Valley koala undergrowth around his Magic Valley home were turned down by the CFS for fear any fire thus started might get out of control. When the Horsnell Gully fire struck, the virgin scrub succumbed quickly, and his koala friends died in their trees. Criticism of CFS

Bruce criticizes the CFS as an organization, saying there is no room for personal initiative in its too carefully adhered to regulations. As a result the CFS is unable to act without orders, to the extent that they stood around and watched the Magic Valley haven burn. He claims that, given a backpack, he could have saved half of the koala population by himself.

A more bitter criticism is of the attempts by the quarries in Horsnell Guily to block access to the area. When the fire came much time was spent bypassing obstructions to the progress of fire-fighting vehicles. The National Parks and Wildlife 'has nothing to be proud of regarding its (lack of) preventitive measures during safe periods of the year according to Bruce.

Restoration

His latest idea is to involve the State Planning Authority Special Projects' Group and various other organizations in a bit to reestablish the Magic Valley koala colony. Presently he is concentrating on first eradicating the now accessible blackberries and broom from the denuded area and then starting a planting programme that will return the valley to its previous condition using only native trees. Bruce intends the recreated haven to double as an educational programme for students of South Australia's high-schools.

He is inspired by the importance of preserving endangered species, most notably the koala, from possible extermination. People interested in helping to set up a breeding sanctuary for endangered native species, and koalas in particular, can contact Bruce, c/o ph. 310369.

David Mussared - Arts 1

Prosh Rag Proposal

t looks as though Prosh will go ahead in some form this year. A meeting was held last Thursday in the Gallery attracting eighteen people.

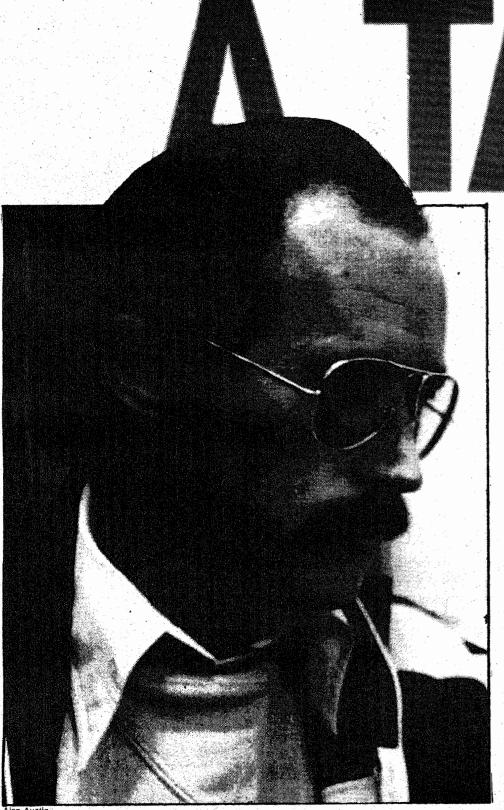
For those who don't know, Prosh Day is held on the last day of second term, which will be August 8th this year. The main feature will be "Prosh after Dark" which will consist of sitting down gorging oneself with food,

watching sketches involving invited personalities and a dance finishing off with a movie marathon. Faculties are purportedly being approached to field teams for a Prosh Olympics. Prosh Rag

Here at On dit we propose to put out a unique edition of On dit which will be sold for charity. The purpose of this rag will be purely to entertain and contributions, be they literary or graphic, may be deposited at the On dit office near the Cloisters. The deadline for copy will be Thursday July 31.

In order to go ahead with this however, we need commitments in writing from fifty people who are willing to distribute it. If these are not forthcoming by Tuesday of this week, then the SAUA will refuse to underwrite On dit as it will not be commercially viable in their opinion. Notify On dit if you are willing to help, or phone 223

On dit staff



have two major issues to raise, firstly the fact that we've had an overall rise in taxes and secondly that there's been a major shift in the incidence of tax to what is now an inequitable system. This should be of concern to us because they are contrary to what the Government said they would do in the last election and contrary to what they continue to say they are still doing.

Perhaps I should firstly deny that there's been an overall rise in taxation. Taxation receipts aren't necessarily the same as taxation scales. Just because more is collected doesn't mean there's been an increase in taxation rates. Also I maintain that you can't look at taxation in a vacuum - you've also got to consider Government Welfare payments such as child endowment family income allowances etc as well as tax levels per se when assessing the burdens being faced by the Australian taxpayer.

On the basis of rates being paid by Individuals as well as total revenues collected there as been an increase overall. My figures come from the Bureau of Statistics (see table 2) . Its guite clear that taxation has dropped at the very high and very low levels of income(see table 1) but overall the tax collections have gone up; and these figures only show direct tax on incomes. When we also add indirect taxes we see that the increase in taxation rates has been more marked.

Firstly, if we look at the tables presented, they consider a '75-'76 base. Following the '73-'74 wage explosion this may be a very high base for this assessment perhaps we should be looking at the '72-'73 base.

The "'75-'76 base is the one Malcoim Fraser used when he promised a change in his 1975 campaign; some have to judge his performance against that.

I'll reply to that later. Looking at table 1 we are comparing the rebate system operating before Fraser tax changes (1976-77) which made rebates automatic up to a certain level. Before that time the rebate allowable was a larger amount if you could substantiate it, but a lot of tax payers could not substantiate higher rebates. In fact, because the rebate is now being offered automatically, it is received by substantially more tax payers.

We should not be looking at the tables of Individual income levels and their taxes Incurred. We have got to go back and look at the total collections over the whole economy, which do not sustain your

There is a dramatic drop in the taxes from high income earners and a major increase in taxes from PAYE taxpavers.

I disagree. Firstly, the reforms which simplify the Taxation scales which undoubtedly have occurred under the present Government, e.g. reducing the levels of marginal taxation - provide more incentive for people to work overtime. Its quite possible for employed people (not unemployed) to be paying more tax simply because they've got more incentive for people to work overtime. It's quite possible for employed people (not

The point is however, that these go right against what we were promised in the last two Fraser election campaigns. If he undertakes a programme of redis-

What's the major promise you're talking

That he would govern for all Australians and that there would be overall tax cuts. We've seen tax cuts for those on high incomes and an increase in taxes paid at Is equity being eroded away by the Fraser Government's Taxation policies? Are loopholes available only to the rich being deliberately kept open? Are the Government's tax cuts merely cosmetic in the light of increased indirect taxes? freelance journalist from Melbourne who has written extensively on the subject and was in Adelaide a fortnight ago as a guest of EU has it out with Kym Bills.

low income levels. If that's what he wanted to do then he should declare that and give his "good" reasons to the electorate. It's not good enough for him to break the promise and later on have Liberal Party proponents offering the economic rationale for these changes in performance.

If you look at table 3, after rebates are taken into account; there is a dramatic drop in the taxes from high income earners and a major increase in taxes from P.A.Y.E. (Pay-as-you-earn) taxpayers.

You have raised a sheaf of points. Firstly regarding the "broken" election promises - low income earners are not paying more taxes. Recently the threshhold level below which income earners pay no tax has risen to \$4,041. You recall under Hayden as Treasurer it was in the region of \$2,000. It is also illustrative to note that if in fact the Hayden tax scales were operating today over 4 billion dollars worth of extra tax would be being collected - so that is an interesting thing to consider as well.

With regard to the claim that the present Government has shifted the income tax threshold from \$2,000 to \$4,000; all that's really happened there is that the very low income earners who paid very little in tax have been relieved of their direct income tax liability. Now in most cases this is only 10¢ a week, maybe 50¢ a week, maybe a dollar a week. Whilst they've been relieved of that they have been hit VERY heavily with Indirect taxes.

I believe it is completely ludicrous to talk about "If the Hayden tax scales had applied..." It's quite clear from the last two election campaigns and from subsequent statements made by the opposition with regard to taxation that they would never have had any intention of maintaining the Hayden tax scales of the previous Whitiam Government. That's five years

I don't think it is irrelevant because if you look at the most recent conference of Labor economists and also if you look at the most recent A.L.P. conference they have in fact advocated even higher. taxation measures. But be that as it may, it's not true to say that the only people that are benefitting from the increased tax threshhold are the "very few" who earn less than that amount.

Every wage-earner benefits from that change because everyone pays no tax up to that threshold level.

On top of that people recall the five phase taxation rate scales under the Whitlam Government. Quite clearly having only two marginal rates now has simplified the system a lot. In fact the top rate is much less than it was before, I think we should also note that there is

a problem of tax-avoidance in the very high income earners, but it's been the treasurer's stated claim - and I think he's tried very hard, as has the Taxation Office, to remove the current and other tax avoidance loopholes that are in evidence today. Anyone who knows taxation law knows the complexity of issues and how hard it is to completely rule out all these loopholes. So I would agree that in some cases people on higher incomes aren't paying their correct amount of tax. That's a very bad thing which I'm sure the government is trying to correct.

I think it's very difficult to sustain the argument that the government has seriously tried to curb tax avoidance.

TABLE 1 Effect of changes in direct income tax 1975-76 and 1979-80 married man, dependent wife and two children

YEAR					DISPOSABLE INCOME				
	Gross Annual Salary \$	Tax (a) \$	Rebate (b) \$	Family Allowance	s	As % of Gross	At 1979-80 Prices (c) \$	Change in Disposable Income at 1979-80 Prices \$	
1975-76	4,043(d)	412	750*	78	4,121	101.9	6,115		
1979-80	6,000	697	597	443	6,343	105.7	6,343	+ 228	
1975-76	6,739(d)	1,279	750	78	6,288	93.3	9,331		
1979-80	10,000	2,020	597	443	9,020	90.2	9,020	-311	
1975-76	8,819(AWE)	2,007	750	78	7,640	86.6	11,338	ang kang	
1979-80	12,822(AWE)	2,953	597	443	10,909	85.1	10,909	-429	
1975-76	10,108(d)	2,469	750	78	8,467	83.8	12,565		
1979-80	15,000	3,673	597	443	12,367	82.4	12,367	-198	
1975-76	13,477(d)	3,985	750	78	10,320	76.6	15,314		
1979-80	20,000	5,801	597	443	15,239	76.2	15,239	-75	
1975-76	20,216(d)	7,550	750	78	13,494	66.7	20,025		
1979-80	30,000	10,508	597	443	20,532	68.4	20,532	+507	
1975-76	26,954(d)	11,690	750	78	16,092	59.7	23,881		
1979-80	40,000	16,165	597	443	24,875	62.2	24,875	+ 994	

Rebate exceeds tax payable.

Tax figure for 1975-76 is after deduction for general rebate.

Rebates are:

1975-76, dependent wife \$400, 2 children under 16 years, non-student \$350; 1979-80, dependent wife \$597.

(c) 1975-76 disposable income reflated to 1979-80 prices using consumer price index (all groups) deflator.

(d) 1975-76 income derived by deflating 1979-80 income using consumer price index (all groups) deflator — Average Weekly Earnings (AWE) figuresiare actual.

Source: Statistics Group, Legisletive Research Service, 31 August 1979.

TABLE 2 Increase/decrease in taxes relative to income category

	1975-76	1976-77		1977-78		1978-79		*
CATEGORY	\$M 41 445 7 020	\$M	% Incr.	\$M 51 548 9 639	%. incr. 10.0 13.0	\$M 55 879 10 398	% incr. 8.4 7.9	increase over 3 years 34.8 48.1
A. Low and middle income earners (mostly) Wages, salaries & supplements P.A.Y.E. tax paid		46 880 8 529	13.1 21.5					
B. High Income earners (mostly) Income from rent, interest, dividends & unincorporated enterprises Non-P.A.Y.E. tax paid	12 912 2 193	15 211 2,518	17.8 14.8	17 003 2 483	1118 -114	21.715 2 400	27.7 -3.3	68.2 9.4
C. Companies Company profits Gross profits of all private trading enterprises Company tax	8 285 20 685 2 505	9 721 24 308 2 803	17.3 17.5 11.9	10 572 26 715 '3 072	8.8 9.9 9.6	10 949 31 582 3 002	3.6 18.2 -2.3	32.2 52.7 19.8
D. Indirect taxes (Compare with average weekly male earnings)	4 989 \$169.6	5 708 \$190.7	14.4 12.4	6 010 \$209.5	5.3 9.9	7 450 \$225.7	24.0 7.7	49.3 33 .1

** * *

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics publications: Estimates of National Incomes and Expenditure, Sept. 79; Consumer Price Index, Dec. 79; Wage Rates Indexes, Dec. 79.

There have been plenty of moves made with plenty of publicity given to them, but most of these seem to be largely window-dressing. This is because when you look at the figures year after year for the last three years you see that there has been an increase in the incidence of avoidance of taxation by the wealthy. And I don't think there's been one single tax avoldance loophole that's been closed before being allowed to operate for two years. Curran operated for four years, the loophole arising from the Gorton case operated for thirteen years. All of them, it seems are given at least two years before there's any attempt to close them.

Well I think we've probably thrashed that one out. It's obviously a matter of opinion as to whether you think one can legislate faster than is being done at the moment. I would maintain that you can't.

Yes, I'd agree that you can't using the present style of legislation. Obvously if the Government's serious about curbing tax avoidance, it's got to think seriously about retrospectivity. Now it has done this in one case, retrospective to about six months, which was a pretty feeble effort.

Although I hate to see these people avoiding tax, my legal training makes me cringe at the thought of retrospective legislation. And once again obviously we've got to do something about these avoiders just as we have to do something about the tradesmen who live off the dole and work on the weekend making a hundred dollars a day cash-in-the-hand. and the corner deli-owner who runs two sets of books. We've got to do things in all. these areas but they're all fraught with problems at each turn.

There's a significant difference that I think you would acknowledge between tax evaders like the tradesmen who don't declare their income, and on the other hand tax avoiders who act quite legally and legitimately, in the sense that the Government knows and approves of what is going on. The Government does have the power to legislate tax avoidance out of existence if it really wanted to.

To say the Government knows and

approves is I think a political judgement. Perhaps we should come back to the indirect taxes that Alan was mentioning earlier. You were basically saying that the government's taxation record has been quitably against the poor because of the increases in indirect taxes. Let's look at several of these indirect taxes. The major one of course is the decision to price our oil at overseas parity levels. And because that hits every consumer of petrol to the same degree basically it means that the burden or incidence falls more on the poor than the rich and hence Alan would maintain that it's a regressive tax. Prima facie that is correct. However, you've also got to consider the point that oil is a scarce resource in Australia. It's quite clear that exploration is not going to increase unless the price of oil increases significantly - and this change has of course increased it significantly. On top of this we've got to consider the future generations who are going to require petrochemical products - and so obviously there's a need for conservation

I think every Australian, although they hate paying extra for their oil and their petrol does recognize that parity pricing is an essential way to go ahead. So that's the first tax I'll consider.

Look, I wouldn't contest any of that. It's well and good if the Government has a valid economic basis for it's oil parity pricing, as long as it faces up to the fact that one of the side-effects of this policy is to make our taxation system grossly regressive. It then has a strong moral obligation to offset that when it comes to adjusting the tax scale. In fact when it does adjust the tax scales they do precisely the opposite. Kym has referred to the tax cuts in February 1978. What happened then was that something like \$1,370 million got handed back to taxpayers and something like 43% of that was given to the top 10% of income earners. I'm not contesting that the moves that brought about Indirect tax increases were not economically sound. What I am saying is that for equity in the taxation

been offset. Well I disagree that they haven't been offset because I think there is a clear way necessarily through the taxation scales even though you have mentioned that in part that has been a mechanism (via the threshold). But also you've got to consider that petrol price increases are reflected in the C.P.I. The Arbitration Commission is able to (and does) pass on such increases in the form of higher wages. The lower income earners are in fact being compensated for petrol increases through the mechanism of the

system to have been maintained they

must have been offset, and they haven't

Except that when we look at the figures the increase in wages is not being granted at the level of the C.P.I. In fact what we find is that at the moment the indexation figure for wages is considerably below the C.P.I. Increase, Tax Indexation is even lower still. I don't think you can sustain the argument that adequate compensation is being made through adjustments to wages and to taxation.

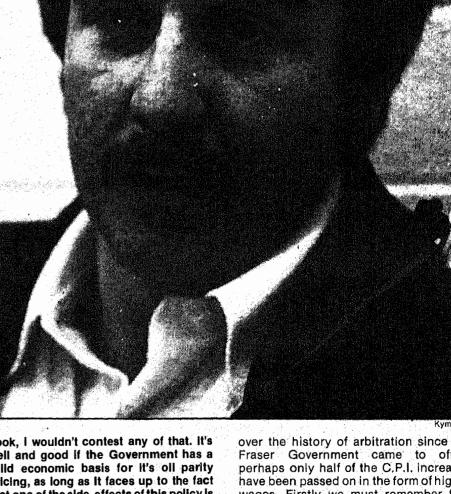
I think I can and this brings me to one of my favourite areas, although it's true that over the history of arbitration since the Fraser Government came to office perhaps only half of the C.P.I. increases have been passed on in the form of higher wages. Firstly we must remember that there was a 14% real wage increase in the 73-74 explosion resulting in a real wage overhang which has kept people on dole queues rather than allowing more people to be employed. That's one problem. But on top of that, although the arbitration commission has had partial indexation for part of the time, recent work-value cases outside of award cases, sweetheart deals have meant that the real wage level has been maintained, quite apart from what some of the commentators say. And I cite as my source on this a distinguished Labor economist who is Garry Hughes at Flinders University who.in fact was Don Dunstan's chief economic adviser - and so would be un!ikely to be biased towards the Right.

The Government [has] not been straight. They have not been honest with the electorate.

If the Government believes there's a real wage overhang, that wages are too high, then what it should have said was "There's a real wage overhang; wages are too high, we're going to gradually reduce wages by not granting an increase in line with C.P.I. increases and at the same time we're going to increase taxation through Indirect taxes and adjustments to the tax scales.

In fact they've said precisely the opposite, and that's the main basis of my objection to what's been going on - the fact that the Government have not been straight, they have not been honest with the electorate.

Well I disagree with that. You've also got to consider a lot of political constraints; Continued on page 10





Fatima Fallahi, an Iranian socialist is currently on a tour of Australia . On dit interviewed her while she was in Adelaide last Friday.

'atima Fallahi is an Iranian with first hand knowledge of the Iranian Revolution.

She served a fourteen months life sentence imposed under the new government for supporting Iran's Arab majority. She was released after a worldwide protest campaign - but she remains a supporter of the revolution. To Fatima there is no conflict between supporting Khomeins and being a feminist and a socialist.

Mad Mullahs, black turbans, a place where homosexuals are stoned to death, where thieves have their hands cut off; Iran a nation convulsed with religious fever and glorifying martyrdom. Is that what Iran is like?

No it's not. It's lies; the western press is using these charges against Iran to stop the advances of the Revolution. In Iran they never cut the hands off thieves. They put them in prison. I was in prison myself and there isn't any law to cut thieves' hands off over there. That is just lies.

So you wouldn't see the Iranian Revolution as religious, but as something else?

Well of course 95% of Iranians are Moslem ... but when they started to overthrow the Shah the role of Khomeini was as a hero because he was uniting all the people against the Shah. He didn't compromise with the Shah, with monarchy, with Bahktiar and with the US Government. That's why he was a hero.

But we've heard of other things. Two homosexuals among other sexual offenders were publicly stoned to death recently. How can it be anything but a religiously domination revolution?

As socialists we support homosexuals all around the world, Iran, I should explain, is a backward country and homosexual [rights] is raised not as [a political] issue. When they execute people, and when I was in prison I met one of them, it is because they raped kids or paid money to have sex with them.

Are people better off under Khomeini or under the Shah?

For sure they are happier under Khomeini. Under the Shah everybody was oppressed. But now we have freedom of the press, freedom of political activity. The workers are controlling their worker councils, the shoras. No one person has got all the land. So the majority of the Iranian people are happier than under the Shah.

The Shah operated a large secret police force. What has happened to his supporters? There was an attempted coup in the Army. Have the secret police and the military got more control now than they had?

As you said, under the Shah the country was controlled by the secret police, SAVAK. But after the insurrection the people arrested the SAVAK people. Still some supporters of the Shah are involved in the Military, Navy, and the other institutions - the justice system as well. These are just a few, the majority are so cautious, you know. That's why they can't win - have a coup - in Iran.

Some students are holding hostages from the American Embassy. What are the other students doing? Are they on campus? Is this a small isolated group?

Those students who took over the US Embassy are students, Moslem students following the Inmans line and they've got lots of support from millions of the people; students, workers, women, peasants, soldiers, left cadres. Everybody supports them.

And now, in the university, there has been a call to close the university and go to the towns and the cities and educate the rest of the people. So we don't have any more university right now.

It sounds a bit like the cultural revolution in China.

The government didn't have any programme for education. So the students just decided to go and have an educational programme for the rest of the people. Yes, it seems like the cultural revolution in China.

That seems to contradict what we've heard about the position of women, particularly the wearing of the veil. Have women made gains in Iran?

The women in Iran have been wearing the veil for a long, long time as a tradition. It's their custom like the sari that the Indian women wear. Under the fathers of the Shah's regime, Reza Shah, he thought he could westernize the country in this way:

factories' administration through their it was a law that it was illegal for women to be wearing the veil, the chador. Everybody was mad because the police were on the street taking the veils. If they don't have it on they don't feel they have anything on.

A majority are wearing it, and they are happy to have it but there is no push. You have a choice to do what you want. Here, I'm not wearing it and there is no push that

In the newspapers Iran seems a country without a Government; with centres of power competing against each other. Is that true? Or is there order?

While there are different groups in Iran, they are not fighting each other, because everybody units to fight capitalism and imperialism in Iran. There is a government and millions of people are supporting it; Bani Sadr's government. Millions of people support the Iranian government.

There are some insurrectionist elements aren't there? What about the position of the minorities?

The minorities like Kurds, Balachis, Arabs; they are fighting for their right to self determination. But they've got improvements. They can speak in their own language now, they've got a two hours' programme on radio and they've got their own paper. They're going forward and forward, fighting for the rest of their demands for self determination.

What happens when Khomeini dies?

When he dies the majority of Iranians will be upset about it. The working people are organized and nothing is going to happen.

How important is the left in Iran when people on the street chant religious slogans?

Millions of people in Iran are in on action. If the left has a programme calling for unity of the councils, or land for the peasants, then millions of the people will ioin them and go into action. There is a freedom of political activity. Like last year we [the Revolutionary Workers' Party of Iran] had a debate with Bani Sadr, the Fedyheen Mijahean had a debate with Bani Sadr. And then you can talk about your programme to the people and they can decide what they want.

Tax Debate

Firstly, changing economic circumstances after a promise is made in good faith, and also things like tax indexation. Quite clearly the Fraser Government did want to bring in a complete system of tax indexation and wanted to trade that off with the Union movement against demands for real wage increases. In fact the unions recanted on their agreement to do this and so tax indexation unfortunately had to be eliminated and is only now being reintroduced progressively because of changed union views on the matter.

When we talk about recanting on commitments I think we've got to have a look at what came first. And I think we'll find that after the election in 1975 there was promise after promise after promise after promise that was broken by the present Government most of which did result in a disadvantage to those on low incomes. I'm thinking of the promises that relate to medibank, to wage indexation, to just so many things.

ve got a Federal Secretariat (of the Liberal Party) booklet which goes through hundreds of fulfilled promises. You can trade these things off. You've got to recognize that any responsible page 10

Government has got to change some decisions in the light of changed circumstances, otherwise they're not being responsible.

With regard to Kym's suggestion that the government has to respond to changed economic circumstances, and particularly broken commitments on the parts of unions and employees, I think when we have a close look at broken commitments on both sides - on the sides employers, the Government, and employees - we will see that it's not only the unions that have broken commitments. We will also see, that these have usually happened as a response to the breaking of clear commitments made by the Prime Minister and the Government at each of the last two elections.1

I will conclude for my part with four points. Firstly Australia is still a very lowtax country. There are only four western countries (plus Japan) that have got lower ratios of total personal income tax receipts in the developed (noncommunist) world. On top of that, child endownments etc. have been increased under Fraser and the actual taxation scales have been modified to become more equitable rather than inequitable. I would agrue that we can't maintain the argument that profits have been increased massively at the expense of the personal income sector because as the

most recent budget paper figures will show there's only been an average of 3.6% profits in 78-79 and it looks like being even less in the current financial year.

An increase in profits is OK as long as there's been a corresponding increase in laxes. inis has not been the case.

O.K. There are four points there. Firstly, with regard to Australia being a low tax country - that's correct. I've got no problems with that as long as we acknowledge that we are not as low as we once were. Over the last five years there's been an overall increase in taxes collected and in the tax scales that apply on Incomes. Secondly, I do think that most of the authorities that have analyses the tax scales have concluded that there is far less equity than there was previously (and I'm referring here to the Institute of Applied Economic and Social Research as well as Professor Matthews). With regard to profits I'm not sure where Kym gets his figures from. The Account to the Sydney Stock Exchange 1980 Profitability Study, earnings of Shareholders' funds for all companies rose from 9.8% in 1975-76 to 11.5% in 1976-77. It

eased to 11.2% in 1977-78 but rose dramatically in 1978-79 to 12.8%.

Figures from the Bureau of Statistics show profitability during 1979-80 to be higher still, at around 14.6%.

This shows there's been a clear increase in profits. Now an increase in profits is O.K. as long as there's been a corresponding increase in taxes

My figures are from the full 1979-80 Treasury Budget Paper and interim Treasury data for 1980. If we deflate Alan's quoted Stock Exchange and ABS data by the rate of inflation we get real profitability levels/profits at around the 3 to 4% level - Q.E.D.

The left Keynsian Institute of Applied Economic and Social Research which Alan quotes is hardly an unobjectionable source. Finally Sue Richardson's (of Adelaide Uni) major study into equality in Australia via tax shows that the gini coefficient of equality is second only to Hungary in all the developed Western world (i.e. we are the second most equal).

Footnotes

- 1. Nation Review April 1980 p. 20
- 2. Nation Review March 1980 p. 8
- A Survey of Australian Economics Vol. II 1980.



Salome by Oscar Wilde Performed by Silk at the Space on and off till July 31 Students \$4.50

scar wrote it, Bosie translated it, and Silk reworks it for this stunning performance down at the Space.

Oscar Wilde wrote Salome in French around 1890. He used Herod's tormented insanity, his wife Herodias' hatred of the prophet John the Baptist, and the wild lust and revulsion the prophet inspired in her daughter Salome, to. write a real horrorshow play based upon the Biblical story. Yet it had all the pure, aesthetic qualities typical of his work.

His celebrated paramour, Lord Alfred Douglas, translated it into English. And now Jean Pierre Voos and his company, Silk, take it and reinterpret it to surpass even what Oscar made of it.

Oscar's Herodias hated Jokanaan the prophet. He denounced her as the wicked Jezebel and the daughter of Babylon, and because of Herod's mad fascination for the prophet Jokanaan she felt very much afraid. Oscar's Salome alternates between passion and revulsion for Jokanaan. She is frustrated until both these emotions are sated to the full, when after enticing Herod with her famous "Dance of the Seven Veils" she demands, and gets, Jokanaan's head on a silver charger which she kisses and fondles. This proves to be more than even Herod can bear because he immediately orders her killed.

Siik take this as their raw material. Then they merge Herodias and Salome Into one woman. The resultant whole is more than the sum of its parts. Their presumption is that Salome was still-born, or died as a child, but continues to live as an illusion of Herodias, her mother. The fantasy so multiplies in complexity that Salome eventually comes to live within Herodias, becoming the other side of her schizophrenic nature. It suits Herod, whose impotence as a monarch is not his only falling. The pair of them have become accustomed to lapsing into "Salome's fantasy" and using it as a ritual to arouse him and to satisfy her. Life does become difficult in a dissolute court.

Herod remains much as Oscar left him. He is fearful and prey to every fraudulent idea that comes his way. He is played as a nervous buffoon and it works very well.

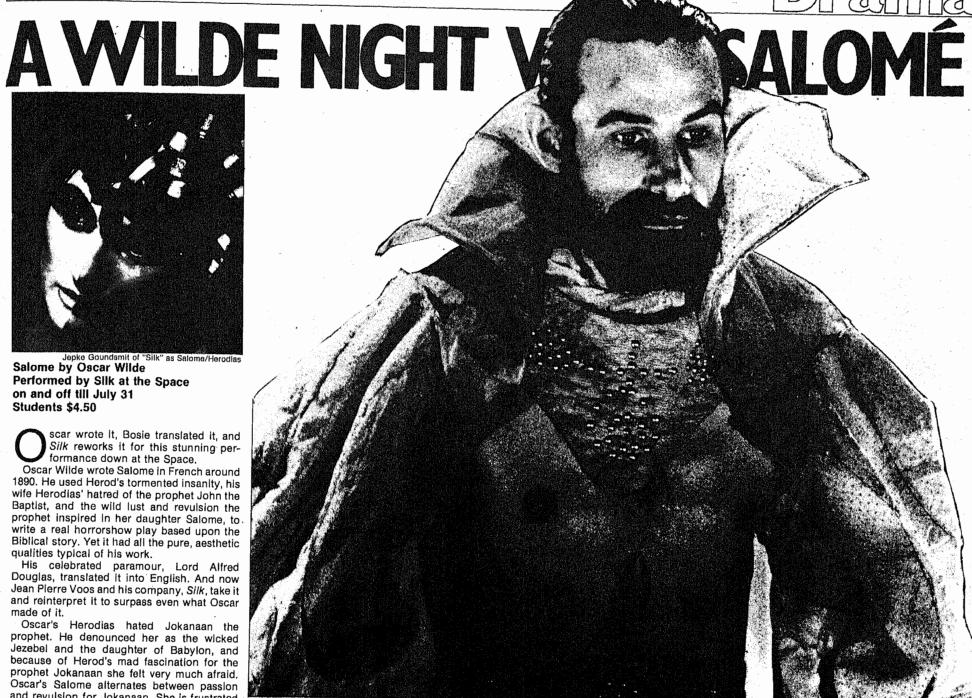
According to Silk it is not Salome but Herodias who desires the prophet languishing down in his cell; a pale skinned, long haired apparition still breathing the fire of his desert ministry and shouting up curses and imprecations. As the play draws to a climax Herod once again coaxes Herodias into her "Salome" role and she performs for him the erotic "Dance of the Seven Veils" in return for the promise of anything, even up to half his goom. This time Herodias is trapped in her Salome nature. Her own self, usually cynical and uncaring is driven to avenge the insults the prophet Jokanaan has been tormenting her with. And so, captured by her illusory (and lustful) daughter she demands the head of the prophet and performs such abominations with it that Herod kills her.

So much for the dramatic experiment by Silk. What of their performance? Simplicity is what they appear to be striving for. They are unwilling to use the props and gadgets which sometimes take the soul out of modern theatre, preferring instead to conjure theatrical illusion only with voices and action. Certainly this brings the most out of any actor and does establish a special rapport with the audience. At times I was reminded of Peter Brook doing a similar thing up in the quarry during the last Festival of Arts.

This show is one of the few recently that has been reviewed in On dit well before it finishes. There is actually an opportunity to see it. So; run along.

Tim Dodd, Mathematical Physics

Next issue a review of Silk's other performance, Orestela; and also, we hope, an interview with Jean Pierre Voos - Eds.



PERVERSIONS AND FRIGHTS Vincent Bridge of Secretaria

Vincent Price as Oscar Wilde Opera Theatre, Wed. July 16.

verybody with the slightest interest in Oscar Wilde has a very strong image of him. The image we see often portrayed is that the languid fleshly fleshy man outrageously cynical, egotistical and witty. This may be true; however depictions on film and TV vary greatly in their emphasis on effeminacy in Wilde. Many people insist that he was an old queen. Other depictions such as Robert Morley's have not even a suggestion of preciousness (not to be confused with effeminacy which is not to be confused with homosexuality).

That preclousness, a pose of the pre-Raphaelites, was pointed out by Gilbert and Sullivan in Patience.

Vincent Price gave us the disillusioned ultimately matured Wilde in his Paris years, the years of his disgrace. He also gave us a Wilde intimating sexual ambiguity. Some people whose conversations I overheard only wanted extreme effeminacy. Everything is black and white in this world, isn't it?

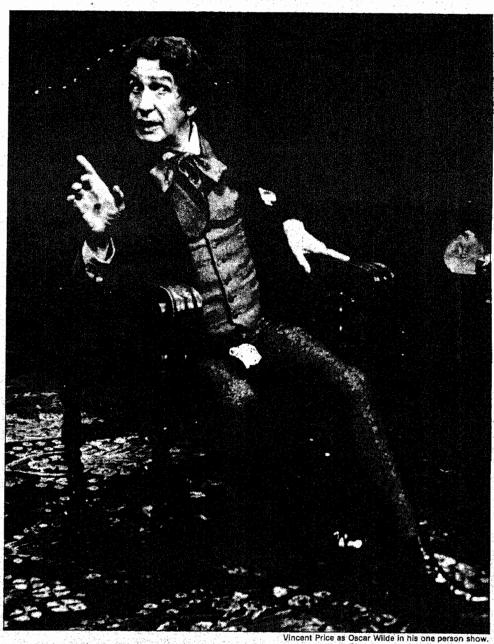
People have their own image of Price depending on what movies they've seen. If they've only seen him draining blood or brandishing garlic then they won't know him as the prime suspect and weak lover of Laura or as a consumptive athlest in Bernadette. They resist his acting, wanting only to believe that he

Actually he and Wilde overlap in many ways. After the first ten minutes, one forgot Price's American accent and let the Irish Oscar speak through him. Only upon hearing a really familiar anecdote ("I have nothing to declare except my genius", "The unspeakable in pursuit of the uneatable", etc.) did one wonder at the bad writing.

Price had the audience in the palm of his hand, amusing them in the first half with a stringing together of Wildisms. A sort of musical comedy version of 'Wilde'

In the second half we had the Wilde of De Profundi's and The Ballad of Reading Goal, But still it was a superficial gloss. Although Price moved the audience to substantial applause, I think we would gain more from reading Wilde himself. However as Price/Wilde syas, "There are only two sorts of books, The unread and The unreadable".

I was convinced by Price's performance because he seemed to identify with many of Wilde's deepest values. At times I though Wilde was a mask for Price pleading for change.

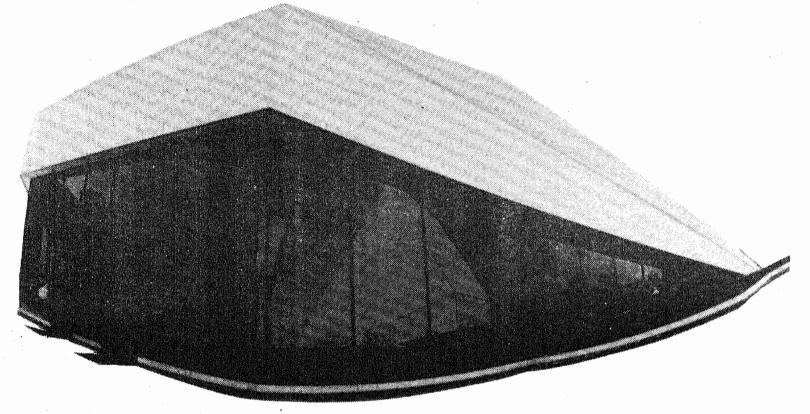


Perhaps a Vincent Price night with Price's anecdotage would be just as good a night - if he were prepared to reveal himself to the same extent that he revealed Wilde.

Technically Price's voice had less range on

stage than on film. For the second time in a week I saw a golly fly in The Opera Theatre. Price's did not hang around but cleared the orchestra pit. Congratulations.

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Youth Concert

Youth Concert IV Monday July 14

he whole evening followed a youthful pattern. The works were from composers writing in their twenties while the audience consisted mainly of students.

Sibellus' Karelia Suite (1896) opened the programme. This consists of an Intermezzo Ballade and March. The intermezzo suffered from some dubious brass playing but otherwise the work was capably performed, with the string section paying close attention to detail.

The well known Grieg Piano Concerto (1866) was ushered in with a wave of comments throughout the audience. Soloist Robert Bravo, handled the virtuoso role ably, while searching carefully inside the showy exterior to expose the quicker subtleties especially during the subdued outer sections of the second movement.a

The Scandinavian mood of the evening was continued with Alfven's Swedish Rhapsody, containing a popular tune that suffers numerous rearrangements. The orchestra handled this rollicking work capably - but it was really little more than another big orchestra "Hollywood film theme".

Mendelssohn's Italian Symphony (1833) was by comparison a piece of orchestral craftsmanship, a welcome contrast to the complications of Sibellus and the showmanship of Grieg. The ASO really rose to the occasion: the themes were well articulated, the rhythms were precise and the interplay between the orchestral groups was excellent. Altogether it brought an enjoyable evening to a fitting close. 30 July

Youth Concert featuring Poulenc's marvellous organ concert.

Michael Borgas

Moist armpits greet da brudders

The Ramones Thebarton Town Hall Friday July 11

aster than a dose of salts, more powerful than the Utah Mining Corporation - it's the Ramones. Yes, da Brudders had finally arrived after a five year wait on the part of their thousands of adoring Adelaide fans. And how could they fail, being blessed with the strikingly handsome praying mantis-like features of lead singer Joey, the remarkable Dee Dee on bass, the ever so subtle Marky on the drums, the world's greatest guitarist -Johnny, and of course the music that saved the seventies from total anonymity.

As the four supposedly illegitimate sons of ex-President Richard Nixon ripped through about forty smash hits in a brain numbing seventy minutes the entire cavalcade of life could be seen to pass before one's eyes. There was the drama of Johnny matching his wits with an obviously jealous punter before cooling him off with a jug of liquid (it could have been anything). There was the sincere human warmth of Dee Dee shaking hands with the crushed fans at the foot of the stage. There was the violence of four burly bouncers laying into one poor unfortunate and then removing his bleeding carcass from the hall. And there were the shockingly expensive drinks (e.g. 60c for a thimbleful of cider). It was all there and in the magnificent setting of the Thebarton Town Hall (interior decor - Dunkirque circa 1945). By the time the show had drawn to a close,

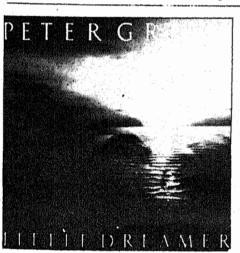
the entire audience had been transformed into a seething mass of moist armpits and it was



obvious from the two genuine encores that It had been well worth the wait. So it's yah boo sucks to all you lazy sods who missed out on the concert of the century and I hope you get

haemorrhoids of such magnitude that you'll never listen to a Pink Floyd record in comfort

Och aye ... it's Jock Eyelf!



A Green Dream

Little Dreamer Peter Green MLF 357 (RCA)

ittle Dreamer is an enjoyable set from the former member of Fleetwood Mac, Peter Green. A long time has passed and many changes have occurred in Green's life and musical direction since he left Fleetwood Mac. He has spent some time in a mental institution and has lived a rather unusual life. With Little Dreamer and his 1979 set In the Skles Green has made a strong return to the music

Little Dreamer is a blues orientated album. One might describe it as a sound similar to the music of Eric Clapton's bands Derek and the Dominoes and Cream, but more laid-back. dominating as Clapton's, but it is very competent nonetheless.

Green is supported by a fine collection of musicians including Ronnle Johnson (rhythm gultar), Paul Westwood (bass), Roy Shipston (organ), Dave Mattacks (drums) and Morris Pert (percussion), who produce a polished sound. Backing vocals are used to good effect on 'Lower Two Times' and 'Baby When The Sun Goes Down'.

Little Dreamer is a fine album, sufficiently laid back to make it very listenable. Unfortunately, there is too little of this music around today,

John Klemmer MCA 28014 (ASTOR)

his two record set spans the career of John Klemmer from 1975 through till 1979, and covers six albums. For those who do not know, John Klemmer is a brilliant tenor saxophonist who also plays plano and flute, sings, and writes nearly all his own material.

Anyone who loves, as I do, magnificent sax improvisation - complemented by Fender Rhodes on plano - would adore 'Mosaic'. Every note from Klemmer's sax is full of life, meaning, feeling and sensivity. The beauty of Klemmer's playing is that it is assessable by all sorts of people - not merely jazz buffs. It is captivating yet perfectly relaxing and soothing. Each track is a thing of beauty and conveys intense feeling (as can be seen from the titles of just a few tracks - 'Talking Hands', 'Body Pulse', 'Touch', 'Whisper to the Wind' and 'Barefoot Ballet').

The musicianship is unquestionably superb. It is difficult to get past the feeling of Klemmer's sax playing, but when you do, you find the complements, echoes, answers, and accompaniment all perfectly in place, But then, is it any wonder with the calibre of jazz musicians who blend with Klemmer. Dave Grusin (Fender Rhodes) and John Guerin (drums) are just two of the maestros who add their touch to the tracks. Alan Moyle



Catching the Sun Spyrogyra

pyrogyra's single 'Morning Dance' hit the airwaves for approximately eight successful weeks about twelve months ago. About three months ago this modern jazz band released their self-titled album and now their follow-up album has just been released.

The music is easy listening with a relaxing flow, but should not be relegated to background wallpaper music. There is a wider variety on this album than the previous one probably due to the fact that not all of the material has been written by Jay Beckenstein and Jeremy Wall.

On what I believe to be the most impressive track, 'Laser Material', the band makes use of a violin and cello arrangement, headed by Harry Lookofsky. The effect created is light jazz with dominant trumpet, blended with a touch of the classical sound.

This is a most impressive album and worth a listen to whether you are an established jazz fan or you just appreciate good music.

Roscoe Precedent



Crying all the way to the bank

Evita

vita; An opera based on the life story of Eva Peron 1919 - 1952, music by Andrew Lloyd Webber, lyrics by Tim Rice. This is the original recording with Julie Covington and the London Philharmonic Orchestra. Evita is a story of people whose lives were in politics, but it is not a political story. It is a Cinderella story about the astonishing life of a girl from the most mundane of backgrounds who became the most powerful woman her country (and indeed Latin America) had ever seen, a woman never content to be a mere ornament at the side of her husband, the president. Her death of cancer in 1952 at the age of 33 ensured that she became a legend.

Undoubtedly the most famous track on the album is Julie Covington's version of 'Don't Cry for Me Argentina'. It is the original version, with which all others have and will be compared. It was a great tragedy for London stage goers that she didn't want to play Eva Peron in the live, production.

The London Philharmonic Orchestra conducted by Anthony Bowles lifts the entire production, particularly in the slower more dramatic tracks such as 'Requiem for Evita' 'A-New Argentina', 'Don't Cry for Me Argentina' and 'Eva's Final Broadcast'. It is unfortunate that such dramatic effect could not have been given to the Adelaide production, with a larger, world class orchestra.

It is an excellently produced and coordinated double ablum and will probably become a collectors item, It is a pity that if you had to fork out the \$13 or \$15 necessary to see the Australian production you probably won't have a further thirteen to buy the recording.

Philip Crowley



Can't stop the Beat **British Beat**

Festival

his is another British ska group's debut album, in the mould of the Specials, Selector, Madness, etc. The Beat (not to be confused with the inferior American band of the same name), can be compared with these other British bands, but it has still been able to develop a distinctive sound, centred upon the saxophonist and tight, excellent musicianship from the rest of the five-man group

The opening track of the album is a song familiar to all FM radio and 'Night-Moves' listeners - the infectious 'Mirror in the Bathroom', and one of the few songs sung by a white member of the group.

After 'Mirror', the record really starts to spin with the reggae sound of 'Hands off ... she's Mine'. The pace is maintained throughout, and Twist and Crawl', one of the best tracks, along with 'Click' seem to deliver what is promised by Dexies Midnight Runners in 'Geno' - great emotional power. 'Rough Rider' is a delightful re-working of the Prince Buster number - the same guy whose songs are featured on the Specials album.

Side two slows the pace a fraction with the punchy 'Big Shot', and an almost epic ska number, 'Whine and Grine/Stand down Margaret'. On top of this comes the best toetapper of the album - 'Noise In This World'.

The album closes with 'Best Friend' - clever stuff, and then the band says good-bye in 'Jack-pot', "what a joyful sound". By the end one is left hoping that the farewell is only temporary. I Just Can't Stop It is an impressive debut album, worth placing alongside your copies of the Specials and London Calling.

Tony Butcher, Arts II



sydiving is today's sport for today's people. Enjoy the exhilarating thrill of bombing out of an aircraft two miles above the surface of the earth. Experience the new-found freedom of free-fall, performing "relative work" with your pals in mid air at vertical speeds of up to 180 mph and then under canopy, exercising your skills at landing on a 10cm disc in the middle of the target. Skydivers make a great team and there is plenty of social activity.

Let's cut the crap. Your first jump is probably the most frightening thing that you will ever do. The buildup, the training, the emergency drills, all serve to cement in your mind the idea that you are about to die. You put on your parachute and hop into the plane where the instructor's calm and friendly smile does nothing to help your confidence. The plane takes off, climbs to the right height and then it's your turn. You crawl to the door, the instructor shouts "Gol" and you jump. "What the hell am I doing here?" your mind screams at you as you let go of the plane.

AND THEN! A jolt, the parachute opens. You're safe. Everything is peaceful, quiet. You can't hear the plane any more, just a gentle breeze as you float down. In the distance you can see Adelaide, Virginia, Mallalla. You think to yourself "this is brilliant". On the ground someone is guiding you in. You land, shout for joy. Fantastic!

Almost every person who has ever jumped tells the same story about their first jump. Every one of them has experienced the sheer irrational fear that accompanies the first jump. But they have also felt the fantastic surge of adrenalin that comes with it, and the thrill of just sitting there, suspended 2000 ft above the ground.

his is just the beginning. The first jump is a static line jump. You don't pull your own ripcord, but a line attached to the plane does. Five jumps later you are on to free-fall, and this time it's all up to you. Then longer and longer free-falls until you are at the stage where you can do somersaults and spins and anything else you put your mind to.

All along the way there are other skydivers who are always willing to help, and more importantly, listen to your ravings about the great jump that you just did. Everyone raves, and everyone listens, because they have all done it before and each one remembers how it felt for him or her.

Now you are set for "Relative Work", that is, the building of formations of skydivers during free-fall. The first time you see another person falling beside you is mind blowing.

More good times are to be had under canopy, when the high speed part of the jump is over. The first canopy you jump is the "cheapo", a round umbrella-shaped parachute that looks just like all those parachutes in the war movies. Next comes

the higher performance canopies that go faster, turn quicker and let you down slower. And if you're lucky you can hit the 10cm disc that is in the middle of the gravel-pit target.

Finally you jump the new-wave square canopies that can do anything except take you back up to the plane. With a top speed of 30 mph, and a tail wind of twenty knots, you can race the cars streaming along the road 2000 ft below you. Some skydivers are actually able to land on their bums without bruising, and more than one has been known to jump with one of their legs in plaster

In South Australia skydiving is conducted on the weekends at the *Drop Zone*, which is situated one mile past Lower Light on the Port Wakefield Road. The only club operating in the State is the South Australian Sport Parachute Club. We have our own plane and runways, and a set of clubrooms.

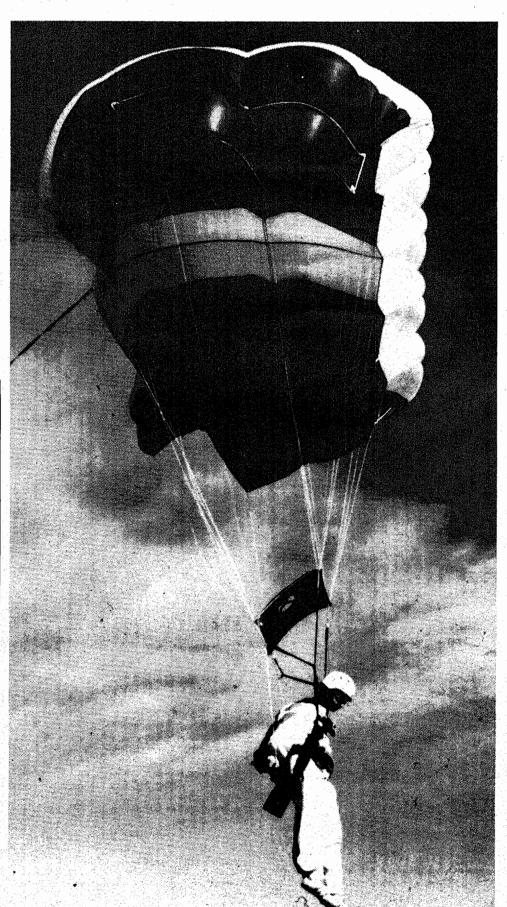
Training consists of an introductory and theoretical lecture on Wednesday night, and a long practical training session at the drop zone on Saturday. Your first jump would be on Sunday. All further training is done as you go along; instructors show you how to fall properly, turn and do somersaults. When you have finished this course, you are a qualified A licence skydiver, and are ready for relative work.

The cost of the training from beginner to A licence holder is \$110. This price includes membership of the club, membership of the Australian Parachute Federation, your first jump, first free-fall and all training. Concessional rates are available to students at this or any other tertiary institution, which brings the cost down to \$90.

To introduce more people into the sport, I am trying to establish a skydiving club to be affiliated with the SASPC. In the United States, many universities have clubs that compete in four- and sixteenperson competitions, and I don't see why the same cannot occur here.

On 31st July, at 1.00 p.m. in the Little Cinema, I will be showing two short free films on skydiving. The films have been made by people who are in love with the sport; skydivers love the films, and non-jumpers are always impressed. If anyone else is interested they can contact me there on the day, through the Uni postal system, or leave their names at the Sports Association office.

Paul Barbaro, Electrical Engineering



Engineers Class 1 – Victoria \$11,742-\$15,979

The Headquarters and Victorian Administration of Telecom Australia invite applications from interested men and women who are completing in 1980 or have completed engineering qualifications which confer eligibility for Graduate membership of the Institution of Engineers, Australia.

The vacancies, situated in the Melbourne metropolitan area, will be predominantly in the communications/electronics, electrical and mechanical disciplines and for some positions additional qualifications and experience would be an advantage.

Conditions of employment include permanent appointment, 4 weeks recreation leave, cumulative sick leave of 2 weeks full pay and 2 weeks half pay per year and a contributory superannuation scheme.

Successful applicants will be included in a planned rotation scheme for development which will entail occupation of various Engineer, Class 1 positions during the first two years of service.

Further information and application forms are available from:



Telecom Australia

The Recruitment Officer 1st Floor 374 Bourke Street Melbourne VIC. 3000 By: 8 August 1980.

(Telephone: (03) 67 2133-This is a free call service)

Goings on in a GALLE?

La Cage Aux Folles Hoyts

film that concerns a de-facto couple and their son - who's invited home the girl he's going to marry and her parents - hardly seems the basis for a successful film. Yet, not only is the French produced *La Cage Aux Folles* a critical success, but it also took the US by storm last year, becoming one of the highest grossing foreign films in that country.

You see, the de facto couple are two middle-aged men, one of whom - Renato Baldi (Ugo Tognazzi) - owns the transvestite revue club from which the title of the film is taken (sort of a Gallic version of Hindley Street's *La Belle* according to Law School's 'man about town' John Rau). The other, Albin (Michel Serrault) is the revue's leading 'female' star with the stage name of 'Zu-Zu'.

Renato's son, Laurent, is the product of a seduction twenty years previously (Renato's attitude to heterosexuality at the time being quite pragmatic: "What the hell, why not try it"). Laurent, not knowing his mother, has been brought up by both Renato and Albin, his "step-mother". Something went amiss in their 'child rearing' because Laurent is bringing home a girl. Upset Renato sees it in terms of "How Awful. I raise my son for twenty years and a woman comes and steals him. Bltch." Albin also feels Laurent has chosen the wrong gender, for as he puts it "He's too young. He'll ruin his life ... and with a girl".

The parents of Laurent's girl-friend aren't exactly an example of the typical French family either. The father, Charrier, is none other than the General Secretary of the Union of Moral Order - equivalent to



Scene from "La Cage Aux Folles' screening at Hoyts

our 'Festival of Light'. The resulting dinner between the two families (one that is desperately trying to hide its true colours) provides for the film's most humorous and effective scenes. Never before have I heard an audience laugh so much at a mere handshake, the touch of a hand or the swagger in a walk.

La Cage Aux Folles probably isn't the funniest French film that's come to

Australia (I found Pardon Mon Affaire more humorous). Yet it does have those qualities that are deserving of success at the box office. La Cage Aux Folles derives much of its charm and originality from its decidedly off beat theme, and while it may not be consistently hilarious, it is still always compelling and highly entertaining.

Nick Xenophou

Film News by Neale Yardley The Film Group and Jand Blues Club will Rock-Film-Night this 7.30 p.m. in the Little Cinema films to be screened are The

he Film Group and Jazz, Rock and Blues Club will present a Rock-Film-Night this Friday at 7.30 p.m. in the Little Cinema. The two films to be screened are That'll Be the Day (starring David Essex and Ringo Star) and American Graffiti, a remarkable film about the American car-culture and what it was like to be a high-school teenager in a small northern town in California in the early 60's. Admission to the programme will be \$1.50 for Film Group or JRB members and \$2.50 for others.

🐿 creening this Tuesday lunchtime. in Union Hall is Rocky II starring Sylvester Stallone, Wednesday's film is Woody Allen's Manhattan, Allen's ultra-contemporary comedy starring Woody Allen, Diane Keaton, Michael Murphy, Mariel Hemingway and Meryl Streep. Charged with touching insights into the obstacles we place in the way of our relationships, it revolves around three intersecting love triangles and charts the funny, furtive complications and painful repurcussions of love affairs among the sophisticated. The Rose is unfortunately unavailable for next week's screening and will be replaced by Steven Spielberg's 1941. (The Rose will be reprogrammed for later this year.)

etails are now available on the Film Group's End of Term Movie Marathon to be held in the Little Cinema on Thursday night of 7th August. The four feature films to be screened are (in the following order) Mad Max, Monty Python and the Holy Grail, Flesh Gordon and Andy Warhol's Frankenstein. (Note also that Apocalypse Now will be screened twice that week in Union Hall at 12.10 p.m. on Tuesday and Wednesday as part of the lunchtime programme.)

s a highlight of its "Shake, Rattle and Reel" season, the National Film Theatre will screen Chris Petit's Radio On this Monday night in Union Hall. Co-produced by Wim Wenders, and with a soundtrack by Kraftwerk, Lene Lovitch, David Bowie, lan Drury, The Rumour, Wreckless Eric (among others) the film features an appearance by Sting of The Police. Radio On is a road movie full of references to rock mythology and its bitter and biting rewrite by the New Wave, and was very well received at its recent showing at the Sydney Film Festival.□

A STAR IS TORN

Festival Theatre

Thurs. July 10. obyn Archer walks on to the large Festival Theatre stage and briefly introduces her eleven women stars. Then her strident Australian voice is subdued, the stage darkens, and her series of metamorphose's begins. She is surrounded only by simple props, those two standbys of the entertainer on the road, the costume stand and the clothing trunk out of which she draws a few minor articles which give some physical substance to her various guises. But most of the magic is conjured by Archer herself, the token costume changes being just superfluous accoutrements. Flanked by her two plano players, and against a backdrop of the tragic faces of these stars which is rent across, she projects them. Archer disappears, and each of these women

rise to take her place First two blacks, Bessle Smith and Helen Morgan and then getting into the busy era of Hollywood and showbiz she flits back and forth between Judy Garland and Edith Plaf, Billie Holiday and Marilyn Monroe. As one would expect she focuses on the injustices they endured. In particular the great black singers, Bessie Smith for one, died in 1937 because a hospital for whites only in Southern USA would not admit her after she was seriously injured in a road accident. Nor did what was done to Marilyn Monroe and Judy Garland go unnoticed. The usual Archer indictment is certainly there. But this is clearly secondary to Archer just paying homage to their singing and their songs.

What of her performance? She comfortably encompassed the heavy blues of Bessle Smith, the delicacy of Morgan and roused the whole audience with her rendering of the poignant depth and fire of Piat. Quite different from these was the English, turn-of-century music hall star Marie Lloyd who provided a good deal of levity just after the interval.

Occasionally an uncomfortable dichotomy between Archer's bridging dialogues and the sheer theatrical magic of her songs was evident. Robyn is typical of many actors and actresses in that she does not come across at

Robyn Archer; an Adelaide success story



all well when appearing as herself and is only truly notable in performance when immersed in another personality. Where her little bits of information (very necessary from the audience's point of view) were recited in imitation of the singer involved it worked very well. But occasionally Robyn found it necessary in lapse into herself and this did spoil the continuity and dramatic force of the performance.

What of the theatrical quality of the show? She did one trick which I've never seen before and since A Star Is Torn is now gone from Adelaide I'll reveal what it was. Ten minutes after the beginning, while singing one of Bessie Smith's spiritual blues, she fell into the style of a revivalist preacher; the lights came up and she called the sinners forward. Yes, the doors to heaven opened and the late comers were

ushered in, to their great embarrassment and everybody else's applause.

Was it a nostalgia show? Is Robyn Archer one of those merchants of packaged yesteryear? She did briefly spend some time on Jane Froman, the World War Two forces' sweetheart who never walked again after a plane crash in 1943. Her life was immortalised in celluloid style by a Hollywood fifties movie called "A Song in My Heart" or something equally forgettable, as in fact Robyn carefully explained.

experienced a few moments of cynical incredulity.

But it soon passed. The last twenty minutes were devoted to Janis Joplin. Her songs she did superbly as well as a creditable imitation of Joplin's stage act. A couple of husky Joplinesque monologues set it off wonderfully. The Joplin rock blues style and her (nearly) contemporary tragedy lent reality to all that had gone before.

Yes, there are a few weak points in "A Star is Torn". But I'm no carping critic! I declare the Archer formula is working as well as ever. (Sounds like an advertisement for a patent medicine.)

Tim Dodd, Mathematical Physics



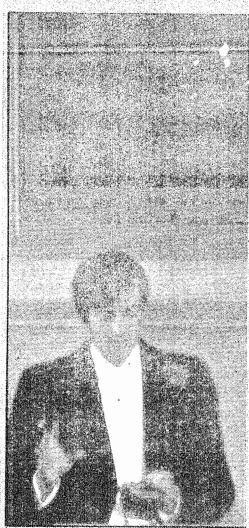
MARGRET ROADNIGHT

Friday July 25th. Union Bar Ip.m.

Debating the Westminster System

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Oxford vs. Relics: a Feast.



hose present were treated to a feast of abuse when the Oxford University Debaters met a team of SA pollies in Brookman Hall last Wednesday.

The teams comprised Andrew Sutcliffe, Nicolette Jones and Nicholas Prettejohn of Oxford, and our own John Trainer, Labor Member for Ascott Park, Legh Davis, Liberal MLC and veteran Robin Millhouse, the Australian Democrat Member for Mitcham. They met to debate whether "the Westminster System was correct" - Oxford taking the affirmative, while SA's pollies took the negative.

Andrew Sutcliffe

In a well disciplined spurt Sutcliffe opened with the claim that the Westminster system was the source of emergence of GREAT Britain, subsequently giving the rest of the world an inferiority complex! Joh Bjelke Peterson - Australia's answer to Jimmy Carter was given the credit of an open mind - open at both ends. Our beloved Prime Minister did not escape attention, the Oxford opinion being that he went



Apparently word has now reached the old country that Malcolm is sending merino sheep to Moscow instead of athletes. John Trainer

Trainer summed up Sutcliffe's style with ease - it reminded him of a steer's horns - a point here and a point there and a lot of bull in between. His best quip was about Robin Millhouse's prostitution bill. Although Parliamentarians didn't know how to handle it they all thought it should be paid.

Nicolette Jones

Jones who (correctly) thought the question a frivolous one, was pleased she was interested in relics as it equipped her in dealing with the opposition. Australia's a big country, she said, and you must need a big mouth to represent it. Legh Davis

Davis really should have been auditioning as editor of TV Week, he gave such an excellent rundown of British television stars. But seriously, the Westminster System, he claimed, is history in both senses of the word. Some beyond all his tutors' expectations, of his friends even think it is a carpet with piles!! He thought Christine Keeler was

Westminster's best model and even went so far as to suggest it was grossly improper and that it wasn't called the House of Commons for nothing. Joh was naturally mentioned - after all everyone sees him at least twice on TV; the first time they don't believe it.

Nicholas Prettejohn

Prettejohn put aside all pretences, referring to Millhouse as a rat peering through a lavatory brush. His onslaught continued striking shivers in our pollies' bodies running around, looking for a spine to go up. Robin Milihouse

Finally the erstwhile Millhouse rose to speak (oh Robin, where are you when South Australia needs you?). In his own words he is a man who has lived off the game for 25 years. The Westminster System was forgotten, he burst out with a blatant election speech.

The show, which ended in a draw, was featured the following night on ABC TV from 10 p.m. to 11 p.m.

i noticed in the dehate with SA Politicians that you seemed to receive some cynical. lominist jibes. Does this happen often?.

NJ (Nicolla Jonne): Yestariy aftert-even Nick and Andrew do it to bit.

AS (Andrew Sulcliffe): People discriminate against Nicolette when they come up after a debate saying "Oh, how lovely you look". They should really be talking about her speech and its intellectual content, but they don't. Because Nicolette is a girl they think she will appre-clate it more if they flatter her.

NJ: I don't mind [jibes] on the platform, as they are usually funny.

AJ: You can't really take what happens on a platform seriously, particularly a public one.

NJ: I do mind and am even annoyed when people are over complimentary about the wrong things. The jokes toward me seem to imply promiscuity whereas those to Nick and Andrew seem to imply stupidity,

Have you found the motions debated to be of a frivolous nature?

NJ: Actually we've enjoyed it. We're quite used to very serious political topics at Oxford and have now developed a real taste for being outrageous. I enjoy it because when you make an audience laugh you immediately get a kind of rapport with them.

NP (Nicholas Prettejohn): When talking seriously, you never quite know whether people are enjoying it and going away impressed or saying "what a lot of tedlous people".

AS: You can usually tell, as they start muttering during the speech. It's a bit pretentious, people as young as us discussing general world issues. Who are we to be oracles. In fact it is better to discuss rather frivolous notions and inject serious comment into it than to have it the other way round.

Would you agree that both Oxford and debating are traditionally associated with the upper class?

NJ: Oxford is still associated with the upper class to some extent. A lot of public schools traditionally get a lot of people. into Oxford. But it doesn't intend to be an upper class university and is doing its utmost to make the intake as varied as possible. When it comes to entrance exams and interviews, they choose what they think is the intellectual elite and if the social structure is such that the people who go to the best schools are trained to the right standard and happen to be from. well to do backgrounds, that's the fault of society, not Oxford.

AS: As regards debating, there isn't an"! obvious bias towards people who havebeen educated in public schools.

NP: Since I have been at Oxford there have only been two public school

AS: Debating is not something which tends to lend itself to the extreme left. They prefer demonstrations.

NJ: Debating obviously has behind it a liberal principle in that it thrashes an argument about. People who go along tend to have a liberal outlook.

At La Trobe you were arguing that a woman's place is in the home, I believe a small but disruptive demonstration occurred.

AS: Yes, but we didn't set out to antagonize them. How could we seem anything but chauvinistic when put into the position of saying a woman's place is in the home. None of us thought it was true and we didn't think that students would think it was true either. We intended to be frivolous but they thought it was serious.

ishwackers - Punch for Lunch

ast Thursday the Bushwackers Band arrived, for their first tour ever to Adelaide. At lunchtime they gave a warm-up concert in the Union Hall. Tickets on sale at the door for one dollar (printed on them refreshments). It looked like a good way to spend a more refreshing (?) afternoon than attempting an Architectural Structures tute along with about sixty others of the same however were a little more conscientious of their study (Adelaide Uni in the eighties?) and left at 2.00 p.m. As they did so Dobe Newton, vocalist and percussionist, said "you will learn twice as much here as you would in the lecture and three times as much if you were on the streets'. Anyway we are paying for you to attend this place (7)." Perhaps those who left were on their way to the 'streets'.

After this they broke into a ballad of the 1691

shearers' strike, like most of their songs about sheep - the Australian image (Tom Roberts,

Ned Kelly and all that).

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Newton believes that, "when we play to Newton believes that, when we play to people it's just about the only Australian music they're ever going to hear which is genuine... When we sing about images of the bush the audience can actually be there, they can associate with it." I think that this approach is a little over done but it still draws 1500 people to monthly dances at the Melbourne Show Grounds and their latest album "The Dance Album" is selling successfully.

Commenting on their similarity to Steeleye Span, Newton believes that they use the same type of instrumentation but that Steeleye Span



gave "total rock punch" which was too much and all happened too fast. The Bushwackers began in '71 as an "acoustic bush-band son of thing, and over the years we have tried a few different things and have ended up like we are now, which is basically a traditional instrument thing with a rock and roll rhythm." Nine years later with a change of thirty eight members, one could hardly suggest that they happened too

The group consists of a basic rock and roll section, electric guitar, bass and drums with harmonica, banjo, bones, speons, whistle and a couple of electric fiddles and a lot of sheep ballads', which when put together produce well arranged interpretations of traditional ballads and ligs making most entertaining listening (even if it's not quite as good as 'street experiences').

Roger Mainwood, Architecture III