

DEMOCRATIC DECENTRALISATION AND GOOD GOVERNANCE: THE
POLITICAL ECONOMY OF PROCUREMENT REFORM IN DECENTRALISED
INDONESIA

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Dissertation submitted for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy

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December 2017

Table of Contents

Table of Contents	ii
List of Tables	vii
Abstract.....	viii
Declaration.....	x
Acknowledgments.....	xi
Abbreviations	xiii
CHAPTER 1	
INTRODUCTION: RESEARCH BACKGROUND, APPROACHES, AND METHODOLOGY	1
1.1. Background	1
1.2. Purpose/Argument	5
1.3. Research Methodology	7
1.3.1. Case Study Approach.....	7
1.3.2. Case Selection.....	7
1.3.3. Case Study Sites.....	10
1.3.4. Locations of Case Study Sites.....	11
1.3.5. Process Tracing.....	16
1.3.6. Types of Data and Data Collection Methods	18
1.4. Limitations	21
1.5. Organisation of the Dissertation	22
CHAPTER 2	
THE POLITICAL ECONOMY OF DEMOCRATIC DECENTRALIZATION IN INDONESIA: DEFINITIONS, BACKGROUND, AND CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK.....	24
2.1. Introduction.....	24
2.2. Key Terms.....	25
2.2.1. Definitions.....	25
2.2.2. Democratic Decentralization and Good Governance.....	29
2.3. Democratic Decentralization in Indonesia	30
2.3.1. The Early Independence Era (1945-1965)	31
2.3.2. The New Order Era (1966-1998)	35
2.3.3. Post New Order Regime or Era Reformasi (1998-present)	38

2.4. The Impact of Democratic Decentralization on Local Governance.....	42
2.5. Theoretical Approaches Explaining the Varying Outcomes of Democratic Decentralization	46
2.5.1. Social Conflict Theory	47
2.5.2. Elite Competition Approach	50
2.5.3. Elite Leadership Approach.....	52
2.5.4. Pluralist Approach	55
2.5.5. This Dissertation's Approach.....	58
2.6. Conclusion	59
CHAPTER 3	
THE POLITICAL ECONOMY OF PUBLIC PROCUREMENT REFORM AND DEMOCRATIC DECENTRALISATION	61
3.1. Introduction.....	61
3.2. The Importance of Public Procurement Reform	62
3.3. Public Procurement Reform in Indonesia	65
3.3.1. Public Procurement Policy during the New Order Era	65
3.3.2. Procurement Reform in the Era Reformasi (Reform Era).....	69
3.4. The Political Economy of Public Procurement at the Local Level.....	80
3.5. Conclusion	87
CHAPTER 4	
THE POLITICAL ECONOMY OF GOVERNANCE REFORMS: CASE STUDY FROM SURABAYA.....	90
4.1. Introduction.....	90
4.2. The City of Surabaya: An Overview.....	91
4.2.1. A Brief History of the City	91
4.2.2. Geography, Demography, and Administrative Structure.....	96
4.2.3. Economic and Social Development	97
4.2.4. Civil Society.....	104
4.2.5. Governance	108
4.3. The Political Economy Landscape of Good Governance in Surabaya under Democratic Decentralisation	109
4.3.1. Sunarto Sumoprawiryo period.....	109
4.3.2. Bambang DH's First Period.....	116
4.3.3. Bambang DH's Second Period	121
4.3.4. Tri Rismahartini Period.....	131
4.4. Conclusion	141

CHAPTER 5

THE POLITICAL ECONOMY OF PUBLIC PROCUREMENT REFORM: CASE STUDY FROM SURABAYA.....	144
5.1. Introduction.....	144
5.2. Public Procurement Reform in Surabaya.....	145
5.3. Outcomes of the Reform	152
5.3.1. The Use of E-procurement.....	152
5.3.2. Budget Efficiency and Market Competitiveness.....	154
5.3.3. Better Planning of Project Implementation.....	157
5.3.4. Increasing Transparency, Accountability and Openness to Public Monitoring Practices	159
5.3.5. Reduction of Corrupt Practices	160
5.4. The Political Economy of Procurement Reform in Surabaya.....	163
5.4.1. Bambang DH’s First Period as Mayor (2002-2009).....	163
5.4.2. Bambang DH’s Second Period as Mayor (2005-2009).....	171
5.4.3. Risma’s Period as Mayor (2010-2015)	179
5.5. Conclusion	185

CHAPTER 6

THE POLITICAL ECONOMY OF GOVERNANCE REFORMS: CASE STUDY FROM BOGOR CITY	188
6.1. Introduction.....	188
6.2. Bogor City: An Overview	189
6.2.1. A Brief History of the City	189
6.2.2. Geography, Demography and Administrative Structure.....	192
6.2.3. Economic and Social Development	193
6.2.4. Civil Society.....	200
6.2.5. Governance	202
6.3. The Political Economy Landscape of Good Governance in Bogor City under Democratic Decentralisation	205
6.3.1. The Iswara Years (1999-2004)	205
6.3.2. The Diani Years (2004-2014)	212
6.3.3. The Bima Arya Years (2013-present)	223
6.4. Conclusion	233

CHAPTER 7

THE POLITICAL ECONOMY OF PUBLIC PROCUREMENT REFORM IN BOGOR CITY	236
7.1. Introduction.....	236

7.2. Public Procurement Reform in Bogor City	237
7.3. The outcomes of the procurement reform.....	244
7.3.1. The Use of E-procurement	244
7.3.2. Budget Efficiency and Market Competitiveness.....	248
7.3.3. Better Project Implementation Management	251
7.3.4. Increasing Transparency, Accountability and Openness to Public Monitoring	254
7.3.5. Reduction of Corrupt Practices	256
7.4. The Political Economy of Procurement Reform in Bogor City	258
7.4.1. Diani Budiarto's First Period as Mayor (2004-2009)	259
7.4.2. Diani Budiarto's Second Period as Mayor (2009-2014).....	264
7.4.3. Bima Arya's Early First Period as Mayor (2014-2015).....	273
7.5. Conclusion	278
CHAPTER 8	
CONCLUSION.....	280
References.....	287

List of Figures

Figure 1: Locations of the case study sites	11
Figure 2: Sectoral economic contribution (%) to GRDP in Surabaya, 2013	12
Figure 3: Sectoral economic contribution (%) to GRDP in Bogor City, 2013	13
Figure 4: Causal mechanism in process tracing	17
Figure 5: Map of Indonesia.....	31
Figure 6: Conventional procurement committee.....	73
Figure 7: Integrated procurement committee through the PSU	74
Figure 8: Economic sectors' contribution to GRDP in Surabaya.....	98
Figure 9: Comparison of GRDP in Surabaya and East Java Province, 2009-2013	99
Figure 10: Surabaya economic growth, 2002-2013	99
Figure 11: Percentage of poor people in Surabaya, 2007-2012	101
Figure 12: Trend of Human Development Index (HDI) in Surabaya	101
Figure 13: Trend of revenues and expenditures for Surabaya	102
Figure 14: Sources of revenues for Surabaya	103
Figure 15: Transparency International - Indonesia (TII) Corruption Perception Index in Surabaya, 2004-2010	129
Figure 16: Budget allocation of electronically procured projects, 2009-2014.....	153
Figure 17: Average e-procured project value in Surabaya.....	154
Figure 18: Saving from e-procured projects in Surabaya	155
Figure 19: Number of e-procured projects based on scale in Surabaya.....	157
Figure 20: Proportion of unspent budget of Surabaya	158
Figure 21: Number of cancelled bids in Surabaya	182
Figure 22: The contribution of diverse sectors to local GRDP in Bogor City, 2013	194
Figure 23: GRDP comparison between Bogor City and West Java Province	195
Figure 24: Economic growth comparison in Bogor City, West Java Province and the nation	196
Figure 25: Trends of poverty incidence in Bogor City, West Java Province and the nation	197
Figure 26: Human Development Index (HDI) comparisons for Bogor City, West Java Province and the nation.....	198
Figure 27: Bogor City local budget revenue and expenditure	199
Figure 28: Local budget structure in Bogor City	200
Figure 29: Electronically procurable budget in Bogor City.....	245
Figure 30: Number and type of projects e-procured in Bogor City	247
Figure 31: Average e-procured project value in Bogor City.....	248
Figure 32: Number of registered service providers in Bogor City's e-procurement system 2011-2014	248
Figure 33: Budget savings from e-procured projects in Bogor City, 2011-2014.....	249
Figure 34: Quarterly proportion of e-procured projects in Bogor City.....	253
Figure 35: Proportion of unspent local budget in Bogor City.....	254

List of Tables

Table 1: The party seats in the DPRD of Surabaya, 1999-2004	112
Table 2: The party seats in the DPRD of Surabaya, 2004-2009	122
Table 3: The party seats in the DPRD of Surabaya, 2009-2013	132
Table 4: Quarterly distribution of project contract issuance in Surabaya, 2013-2014.....	158
Table 5: The party seats in the DPRD of Bogor City, 1999-2004	206
Table 6: The party seats in the DPRD of Bogor City, 2004-2009	215
Table 7: The party seats in the DPRD of Bogor City, 2009-2014	220
Table 8: The party seats in the DPRD of Bogor City, 2014-2019	226

Abstract

Democratic decentralization in Indonesia has produced mixed outcomes vis-a-vis good governance at the local level since it was implemented in the late 1990s/early 2000s. Scholars such as Robison and Hadiz (2004), Hadiz (2010), and Hadiz and Robison (2013) have argued that predatory forces nurtured under the New Order have exercised a powerful enduring negative influence over local governance, undermining reform efforts. However, other scholars have argued that the influence of these forces has been ameliorated to some extent by incentives created by democratisation for local elites to promote populist policies. Where local elites have sought to win or maintain power by mobilising popular support, these scholars have argued, governance outcomes have been better than in regions where local elites have sought to win or maintain power through money politics or the cultivation of elite networks.

This dissertation contributes to the analysis of democratic decentralisation and its effects on the quality of local governance in Indonesia by examining the case of procurement reform. Procurement has historically been a major source of corruption in Indonesia, making reform of procurement systems a crucial battleground in the struggle for better governance. This battle has been played out at both the national and local levels. In contrast with existing analyses of democratic decentralisation, this dissertation argues that the extent of procurement reform at the local level has depended on the degree to which progressive civil society has been able to challenge predatory elites, energise potential reformist local leaders and public officials supportive of governance reform, and in so doing create a political landscape conducive to such reform.

To support this argument, this dissertation examines the political economy of procurement reform in two autonomous municipalities in Indonesia: Surabaya and

Bogor City. In Surabaya, it is argued, progressive activists, particularly non-government organizations (NGOs), university academics, and local media, have successfully challenged the political dominance of New Order-era predatory elites and energized reform-minded leaders and bureaucrats, creating an environment in which the latter could adopt and roll out wide-ranging procurement reforms that have served to promote significantly more accountable, transparent and cleaner procurement practices. By contrast, in Bogor, predatory elites with their origins in the previous regime have continued to control the local government. There has been no significant challenge from pro-democratic forces, as they have been underdeveloped, fragmented, and financially dependent upon local government. Together with new political and business actors who have inserted themselves into networks of corruption and influence, they have accordingly captured local government projects. Procurement reform has been limited, facilitating corrupt and collusive practices.

This dissertation concludes by suggesting that analysts of local politics and governance in Indonesia and other developing countries should consider the roles of a wider array of actors beyond predatory and populist elites. It also delivers a strong message to the proponents of democratic decentralization that the presence of organized pro-democratic forces can limit the prevalence of elite capture and ensure that democratic decentralization meets its intended outcomes, particularly in terms of improving local governance.

Declaration

I certify that this work contains no material which has been accepted for the award of any other degree or diploma in my name, in any university or other tertiary institution and, to the best of my knowledge and belief, contains no material previously published or written by another person, except where due reference has been made in the text. In addition, I certify that no part of this work will, in the future, be used in a submission in my name, for any other degree or diploma in any university or other tertiary institution without the prior approval of the University of Adelaide and where applicable, any partner institution responsible for the joint-award of this degree. I give consent to this copy of my thesis, when deposited in the University Library, being made available for loan and photocopying, subject to the provisions of the Copyright Act 1968.

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Date: 20 December 2017

Mochamad Mustafa

Acknowledgments

All praise and thanks are to Allah who is the Lord of the worlds, I put my trust in Allah, and there is no power and no strength except with Allah.

The writing and completion of this dissertation would not have been possible without the insight, inspiration, support, guidance and encouragement of many people in my life. I am hugely indebted to my principal supervisor, Professor Andrew Rosser, whose expertise, understanding, genuine guidance and direct support have made this dissertation possible. I have learned so much from his advice and comments such as ‘be consistent’, ‘vague’, ‘check throughout’, ‘be precise’, ‘repetition’, ‘unclear’, ‘unsupported arguments’, ‘substantiate it’, and ‘flesh it out’. Such guidance has shaped this dissertation. I also would like to express my sincere gratitude to Professor Kanishka Jayasuriya (my co-supervisor for the first three years) and Dr Thomas Wanner (my co-supervisor for the final year). They both came to help at the right time, assisting me to develop my ideas and keeping my writing on track. Of course, I remain forever indebted to my interviewees: NGO activists, journalists, businesses, government officials, legislative members, and politicians in Surabaya and Bogor City and at national level. I thank them all for their help, and most importantly their data, information, views and insights.

I am indebted to the Australia Award Scholarship (AAS) for providing the funding for this PhD program. I also wish to thank to all the academic staff in the Department of Anthropology and Development Studies and the International Student Office at the University of Adelaide for providing a loving, supportive and encouraging academic environment during this work. Very special gratitude goes to Dr Susan Hemer, Sharon Lewis and Niranjala Seimon (the AAS Liaison officer). Their unfailing assistance, support, and guidance have helped me persevere in facing my research challenge

during the writing of this thesis. I also greatly thank Alison-Jane Hunter, a professional editor, who has helped me improve the language and presentation of this dissertation.

I have benefited greatly from everyone in the ‘web of significance’ of the Department of Anthropology and Development Studies. It was great sharing study space with all of them. I also acknowledge the help, suggestions, advice and insights of my fellow students: Maryke C. van Diermen, Gracia Girsang (The University of Adelaide), Muhamad Taufan, Suryo Guritno, Yadi Hadian, Muhamad Yoga Pratama, Sukendar Sodik (Flinders University), Yuna Farhan (The University of Sydney) and Danang Widoyoko (Australian National University). My special gratitude and thanks go also to my all colleagues at the Asia Foundation, Indonesia, for their unwavering support and encouragement over the last few years. Special gratitude goes to Erman Rahman, Sandra Hamid and Hana Satriyo. Their advice, support and insights allowed me greater understanding in many parts of this dissertation.

Most of all, I would like to express my immeasurable appreciation and deepest gratitude to those to whom I owe everything in my life: my father (M. Syafii), mother (Umi Sa’adah), wife (Arie Vibrianti), daughters (Raissa Azalia Mustafa and Alissa Kayla Mustafa) and two-week-old son (Atara Bayanaka Mustafa). You all have been my strength in enduring the path of a PhD life that was not always smooth or straight.

Thanks to you all!

Abbreviations

ADB	Asian Development Bank
APBD	<i>Anggaran Pendapatan dan Belanja Daerah</i> - Local Government Budget
APEKSI	<i>Asosiasi Pemerintah Kota Seluruh Indonesia</i> - Indonesian City Governments Association
ARDIN	<i>Asosiasi Rekanan Dagang Indonesia</i> - Association of Supplier Associations
ASPEKINDO	<i>Asosiasi Pengusaha Konstruksi Indonesia</i> - Indonesian Construction Businesses Association
Bappeda	<i>Badan Perencanaan Pembangunan Daerah</i> - Regional Development Planning Bureau
Bawasda	<i>Badan Pengawas Daerah</i> - Regional Supervisory Agency
BPK	<i>Badan Pemeriksa Keuangan</i> - Supreme Audit Bureau
BPKP	<i>Badan Pemeriksa Keuangan dan Pembangunan</i> - Financial and Development Audit Bureau
BPS	<i>Badan Pusat Statistik</i> - Centre Bureau of Statistics
CPI	Corruption Perception Index
CSR	Corporate Social Responsibility
CSO	Civil Society Organisation
DPRD	<i>Dewan Perwakilan Rakyat Daerah</i> – Regional House of Representatives
DPS	Development Program Section
EBA	European Business Assembly

EPS	Electronic Procurement Services
ESC	Environmentally Sustainable City
GAPENSI	Gabungan Pelaksana Konstruksi Nasional Indonesia - the Indonesian National Constructor Association
Gerindra	<i>Gerakan Indonesia Raya</i> - Great Indonesia Movement Party
Golkar	<i>Golongan Karya</i> - Party of the Functional Groups
GRDP	Gross Regional Domestic Product
GRMS	Government Resource Management System
GRS	<i>Gerakan Rakyat Surabaya</i> - Surabaya Citizen Movement
HANURA	<i>Hati Nurani Rakyat</i> - Citizen Conscience Party
HDI	Human Development Index
HMI	<i>Himpunan Mahasiswa Islam</i> - Muslim Students Association
ICLEI	International Council for Local Environmental Initiatives
IDR	Indonesian Rupiah
IDSA	Indonesian Digital Society Award
IGRA	Indonesian Green Region Award
INGOs	International Non-Government Organizations
INKINDO	<i>Ikatan Nasional Konsultan Indonesia</i> - National Association of Indonesian Consultants
IPB	<i>Institut Pertanian Bogor</i> - Bogor Agricultural University
IPW	Indonesian Procurement Watch
ITS	<i>Institut Teknologi Sepuluh Nopember</i> - 10 November Institute of Technology
Jabodetabekjur	Jakarta, Bogor, Bekasi, Tangerang and Cianjur
Jabotabek	Jakarta, Bogor, Bekasi and Tangerang

JPIP	Jawa Pos Institute of Pro-Otonomi
JPNN	Jawa Pos News Network
KADIN	<i>Kamar Dagang Indonesia - Indonesian Chamber of Commerce</i>
KAMMI	<i>Kesatuan Aksi Mahasiswa Muslim Indonesia - The Unity of Indonesian Muslim Students Action</i>
Keppres	<i>Keputusan Presiden - Presidential Decree</i>
KORP-H	<i>Koalisi Rakyat Penegak Supremasi Hukum - Citizens' Coalition for the Supremacy of Law</i>
KPK	<i>Komisi Pemberantasan Korupsi – National Corruption Eradication Commission</i>
KPPOD	<i>Komite Pemantauan Pelaksanaan Otonomi Daerah - Monitoring Committee for the Implementation of Regional Autonomy</i>
KPUD	<i>Komisi Pemilihan Umum Daerah - Regional General Election Commission</i>
LBH	<i>Lembaga Bantuan Hukum - Legal Aid Foundation</i>
LDMS	Local Development Monitoring Section
LKPP	<i>Lembaga Kebijakan Pengadaan Barang Jasa Pemerintah - National Procurement Policy Agency</i>
LPJK	<i>Lembaga Pelayanan Jasa Konstruksi - Construction Service Industry Board</i>
MoHA	Ministry of Home Affairs
MoU	Memorandum of Understanding
NGO	Non-Government Organization
NPPA	National Procurement Policy Agency

PAD	<i>Pendapatan Asli Daerah</i> - Locally Generated Revenue
PAN	<i>Partai Amanat Nasional</i> - National Mandate Party
PBB	<i>Partai Bulan Bintang</i> - Crescent and Star Party
PBTI	<i>Partai Bhinneka Tunggal Ika Indonesia</i> - Unity in Diversity Party
PD	<i>Partai Demokrat</i> - Democrat Party
PDAM	<i>Perusahaan Daerah Air Minum</i> - local government-owned water company
PDIP	<i>Partai Demokrasi Indonesia Perjuangan</i> - Indonesian Democratic Party of Struggle
PD PPJ	<i>Perusahaan Daerah Pasar Pasar Pakuan Jaya</i> - local state-owned public markets company
PDS	<i>Partai Damai Sejahtera</i> - Prosperous Peace Party
Perpres	<i>Peraturan Presiden</i> - Presidential Regulation
PFM	Public Financial Management
PK	<i>Partai Keadilan</i> - Justice Party
PKB	<i>Partai Kebangkitan Bangsa</i> - National Awakening Party
PKNU	<i>Partai Kebangkitan Nasional Ulama</i> - Ulama National Awakening Party
PKP	<i>Partai Keadilan dan Persatuan</i> - Justice and Unity Party
PKS	<i>Partai Keadilan Sejahtera</i> - Prosperous Justice Party
PMII	<i>Persatuan Mahasiswa Islam Indonesia</i> - Indonesian Muslim Students Unity
PNI	<i>Partai Nasional Indonesia</i> - Indonesian Nationalist Party

PP	<i>Partai Persatuan - Unity Party</i>
PPKPBJP	<i>Pusat Pengembangan Kebijakan Pengadaan Barang/Jasa</i>
	<i>Publik – Center for Public Procurement Policy Development</i>
PPP	<i>Partai Persatuan Pembangunan - United Development Party</i>
PSU	Procurement Service Unit
PT	<i>Perseroan Terbatas - Incorporated company</i>
PTUN	<i>Peradilan Tata Usaha Negara - State Administrative Court</i>
PUDI	<i>Partai Uni-Demokrat Indonesia - Indonesian Uni-Democrat Party</i>
PWKS	<i>Paguyuban Warga Stren Kali – Strenkali riverbank dwellers association</i>
Satpol PP	<i>Satuan Polisi Pamong Praja - civil service police unit</i>
SCFM	Surya Cakra Frequency Modulation – a local radio station in Surabaya
SePS	Surabaya e-Procurement System
SPSE	<i>Sistem Pengadaan Secara Electronik - Electronic Procurement System</i>
SVC	Street Vendor Cooperation
TAP MPR	<i>Ketetapan Majelis Permusyawaratan Rakyat - Decree of Peoples Consultative Assembly</i>
TII	Transparency International – Indonesia
Ubaya	<i>Universitas Surabaya - The University of Surabaya</i>
Unair	<i>Universitas Airlangga - The University of Airlangga</i>
VOC	<i>Vereenigde Oost-Indische Compagnie - Dutch East India Company</i>

Walhi

Wahana Lingkungan Hidup - The Indonesian Forum for the
Environment