Does academic success affect outcomes in graduate labour markets?

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School of Economics University of Adelaide November 4, 2016

A thesis submitted in partial completion of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Economics (Honours)

Declaration

Except	where	approp	riately	acknow	eledged,	this	thesis	is	my	own	work,	has	been
express	sed in m	ny own	words a	nd has	not prev	viousl	y been	sul	bmi	tted t	for asse	essme	ent.

Word	count:	Approximately	10,000

Acknowledgements

I would to thank my supervisors Firmin Doko Tchatoka and Virginie Masson for the enormous effort they have both put into helping me with this thesis. Their support and feedback throughout this year has been invaluable. I am very grateful to them, as well as the rest of the staff, for their excellent lecturing and commitment to students. A huge thank you also to Dan McHolm and David Hirst from the University of Adelaide's Planning and Analytics department for your help with preparing and providing me with the data. To the rest of the honours cohort, thank you all for making this year a lot of fun. All of the jokes, inane chats, nerdy economics discussions and drink runs definitely got me through all the long days and late nights. I wish all of you the best with your various endeavours next year, and hope that we keep in contact. Finally, to all my other friends and family, thank you for supporting me throughout my entire studies, and for putting up with me this year.

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Abstract

This thesis explores the impact that university grades have on the labour market outcomes of Australian students graduating from undergraduate study. Using cross-sectional data of students from the University of Adelaide, we investigate the effect that a student's grade point average has on both the likelihood of employment and expected wages. We build on previous literature by using instrumental variable estimation and sample-selection models to correct for potential biases in the model, which also allows us to look at these two measures simultaneously. Our results suggest that when the models of these two outcomes are estimated simultaneously, area of study is the main source of variability in wages amongst individuals. Students' grades and employment history, which may have been expected to also influence wages, were found to only have a significant impact on employment probability. This challenges previous studies on graduate starting wages, which find positive impacts of these measures on wages when they were looked at in isolation of employment outcomes.

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